### **COLLECTIVE AGREEMENT**

## BETWEEN

### THE COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY ESTABLISHMENT

AND

### THE PUBLIC SERVICE ALLIANCE OF CANADA

## **TECHNICAL CATEGORY**

### COMMUNICATIONS TECHNICAL OFFICER (CTO) COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY TECHNICIAN (CST) DRAFTSMAN (DD) PHOTOGRAPHER (PY)

#### EXPIRY DATE: 24 JANUARY 2001

BUD CODE 942



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>ARTICLE</u>	<u>SUBJECT</u> <u>PAGE</u>
1	Recognition and Application
** 2	Interpretation and Definitions 1
3	Checkoff
4	Appointment and Time Off for Stewards 4
5	Provision of Bulletin Board Space and Other Facilities 5
6	No Discrimination or Harassment 5
7	Sick Leave 5
8	Technological Change 7
9	Safety and Health 7
10	Leave General
** 11	Vacation Leave 8
12A	Special Leave and Other Types of Leave
** 12B	Other Leave With or Without Pay 17
13	Career Development Leave
** 14	Grievance Procedure
15	Leave for Alliance Business
16	Hours of Work 39
** 17	Administrative Provisions for Hours of Work Scheduled in
	Accordance with Clauses 16.06 or 16.11 · · · · · · · · · 42
18	Overtime
19	Designated Holidays 47
20	Severance Pay
** 21	Shift Premiums
22	Reporting Pay 52
23	Standby $5_3$
24	Call-Back

# PAGE

25	No Pyramiding of Payments 55
26	Travel Time
27	Part-Time Employment 57
28	Work Descriptions 58
29	Employee Files 58
30	Job Security
** 31	Precedence of Legislation and the Collective Agreement 59
32	Agreement Reopener 59
33	Pay Administration
** 34	Duration

**	APPENDIX A - Rates of Pay	Al
**	APPENDIX B - Lump sum payment	B1

\*\* Asterisks denote changes from previous agreement resulting from Arbitral Award (PSSRB FILE: 185-13-383) dated October 13, 2000.

## ARTICLE 1

#### **RECOGNITION AND APPLICATION**

1.01 The Employer (the Communications Security Establishment) recognizes the Public Service Alliance of Canada (Alliance) as the exclusive bargaining agent for all employees described in the certificate issued by the Public Service Staff Relations Board on August 21,1975 covering employees in the Technical Category.

1.02 The provisions of this Agreement apply to the Alliance, the Employer and the employees.

**1.03** In this Agreement, words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine gender.

### \*\* ARTICLE 2

### **INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS**

**\*\*** 2.01 For the purpose of this Agreement,

- (a) "Alliance" means the Public Service Alliance of Canada;
- (b) "bargaining unit" (unite de négociation) means the employees of the Employer described in Article 1, Recognition and Application;
- **(** "compensation" (remuneration) means payment by cheque or in cash;
- \*\* (d) "compensatory leave" (congé compensateur) means leave with pay in lieu of cash payment for overtime and travelling time and such leave with pay will be computed and credited to an employee at the same premium rate as if the overtime had been compensated in cash; (effective October 13, 2000, as per Arbitral Award)
  - (e) "continuous employment" (emploi continu) has the same meaning as in the existing rules and regulations of the Employer on the date of signing of this Agreement;
  - (f) "daily rate of pay" (taux de remuneration journalier) means an employee's weekly rate of pay divided by five (5);
  - (g) "day" (jour) means the period of twenty-four (24) consecutive hours commencing at 00.00 hour;

- (h) "day of rest" (jour de repos) in relation to a full-time employee means a day other than a holiday on which that employee is not ordinarily required to perform the duties of his position other than by reason of the employee being on leave, absent from duty without permission or under suspension;
- () "double time" (tarif double) means two (2) times the employee's hourly rate of pay;
- (j) "employee" (employé) means a person who is a member of the bargaining unit described in clause 1.0 1 of Article 1, Recognition and Application;
- (k) "Employer" (employeur) means the Communications Security Establishment, Department of National Defence;
- (1) "fiscal year" (exercice financier) means the period of time from April 1<sup>st</sup> of one calendar year to March 3 1 <sup>st</sup> of the following calendar year;
- (m) "headquarters area" (zone d'affectation) of an employee means an area surrounding the workplace having a radius of sixteen (16) kilometers, centered on the workplace;
- "holiday" (jour férié) means the twenty-four (24) hour period commencing at 00:00 hours of a day designated as a paid holiday in this Agreement;
- () "hourly rate of pay" (taux de remuneration horaire) means a full-time employee's weekly rate of pay divided by thirty-seven and one-half (37 ½);
- (p) "lay-off" (mise en disponibilité) means termination of services of an employee by the Employer because of lack of work or because of the discontinuance of a service or a function;
- (q) "leave of absence" (congé) means permission to be absent from duty granted to an employee by an authorized officer of the Employer;
- "membership dues" (cotisations syndicales) means the dues established pursuant to the constitution of the Alliance as dues payable by its members as a consequence of their membership in the Alliance, and shall not include any initiation fee, insurance premium or special levy;

- "overtime" (heuressupplémentaires) means 0
  - in the case of a full-time employee, authorized work performed in excess of the employee's scheduled hours of work,
  - in the case of a part-time employee, authorized work performed in excess of the normal daily or weekly hours of work of a full-time employee;
- "straight-time rate of pay" (tarif de base) means the employee's hourly rate of pay; (t)
- "time and one-half" (tarif et demi) means one and one-half (1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>) times the 0U employee's hourly rate of pay;
- "weekly rate of pay" (taux de remuneration hebdomadaire) means an employee's 0V annual rate of pay divided by 52.176;
- a "common-law spouse" (conjoint de fait) relationship exists when, for a (w) continuous period of at least one year, an employee has lived with a person, publicly represented that person to be his/her spouse, and continues to live with that person as if that person were his/her spouse.

# ARTICLE 3

## **CHECK- OFF**

3.01 Except as provided in clause 3.04, the Employer will, as a condition of employment, make every reasonable effort to have deducted an amount equal to the amount of membership dues from the monthly pay of all employees in the bargaining unit covered by this agreement.

The Alliance shall inform the Employer in writing of the authorized monthly deduction to 3.02 be checked off for each employee defined in clause 3.01.

3.03 For the purpose of applying clause 3.01, deductions from pay for each employee in respect of each month will start with the first full month of employment to the extent that earnings are available. When an employee does not have sufficient earnings in respect of any month to permit deductions, the Employer shall not be obligated to make deductions from subsequent pay.

An employee who satisfies the Employer to the extent that he declares in an affidavit 3.04 filed with the Employer that he is a member of a religious organization whose doctrine prevents him as a matter of conscience from making contributions to an employee organization and that he will make contributions to a charitable organization as defined in the Income Tax Act equal to the membership dues shall not be subject to clause 3.01, provided that the affidavit submitted by the employee is countersigned by an official representative of the religious organization.

-4-

**3.05** It is understood that the amounts deducted in accordance with clause **3.0** 1 shall be remitted by cheque to the Alliance within a reasonable period of time after deductions are made and shall be accompanied by particulars identifying each employee and the deductions made on his behalf.

**3.06** The Employer agrees to make every reasonable effort to continue past practice of having deductions for other purposes on the basis of production of appropriate documentation.

**3.07** The Alliance agrees to indemnify and save the Employer harmless against any claim or liability arising out of application of this Article except for any claim or liability arising out of an error committed by the Employer.

## ARTICLE 4

## **APPOINTMENT AND TIME OFF FOR STEWARDS**

4.01 The Employer acknowledges the right of the Alliance to appoint employees as stewards subject to the agreement of both parties under clause 4.02.

4.02 The Employer and the Alliance shall, through consultation, determine the number and jurisdiction of stewards, having regard to the plan of organization, the distribution of employees at the work place and the administrative structure implied by the grievance procedure.

4.03 The Alliance shall notify the Employer in writing of the appointment of each steward, but any employee so appointed by the Alliance shall not be recognized nor serve as a steward until such notification has been received in writing by the Employer.

4.04 A steward shall obtain the permission of his director or the permission of such person or persons as his director may designate, before leaving his work to investigate, within his area of jurisdiction, complaints of an urgent nature, or to meet with a director or such person or persons as the Employer has designated to reply on the Employer's behalf at the first level in the grievance procedure or to attend meetings called by persons so designated in connection with the grievance procedure.

### ARTICLE 5

#### **PROVISION OF BULLETIN BOARD SPACE AND OTHER FACILITIES**

5.01 The Employer shall continue its present practice whereby it provides physical bulletin board space and will permit access to an internal network for a "Web Page", for the posting of official Alliance notices. Notices or other material shall require the prior approval of the Employer, except notices relating to the business affairs of the Alliance and social and recreational events. The Employer shall have the right to refuse the posting of any information that it considers adverse to its interests or the interests of any of its representatives.

5.02 The Employer will continue its practice of making available to the Alliance specific locations on its premises for the placement of reasonable quantities of literature of the Alliance.

## ARTICLE 6

### **NO DISCRIMINATION OR HARASSMENT**

6.01 There shall be no discrimination or harassment with respect to an employee by reason of age, race, creed, colour, national origin, religious affiliation, sex, sexual orientation, family status, mental or physical disability or membership or activity in the union.

- 6.02 (a) Any level in the grievance procedure shall be waived if a person hearing the grievance is the subject of the complaint.
  - (b) If, by reason of 6.02 (a) above, a level in the grievance procedure is waived, no other level shall be waived except by mutual consent.

### ARTICLE 7

#### SICK LEAVE

#### **Credits**

7.01 An employee shall earn sick leave credits at the rate of one and one-quarter  $(1\frac{1}{4})$  days for each calendar month in which he has received at least ten (10) days pay and such leave credits shall be on a cumulative basis from year to year.

### Granting of Sick Leave

7.02 An employee shall be granted sick leave with pay when he is unable to perform his duties because of illness or injury provided that:

- (a) he satisfies the Employer of this condition in such a manner and at such time as may be determined by the Employer, and
- (b) he has the necessary sick leave credits.

7.03 Unless otherwise informed by the Employer in advance, a statement (leave form) signed by the employee stating that because of illness or injury that he was unable to perform his duties, shall, when delivered to the Employer be considered as meeting the requirements of sub-clause 7.02 (a).

#### Advance of Credits

7.04 When an employee has insufficient credits to cover the granting of sick leave with pay under the provisions of clause 7.02, sick leave with pay may, at the discretion of the Employer, be granted to an employee:

- (a) for a period of up to twenty-five (25) working days if he is awaiting a decision on an application for injury-on-duty leave, or
- (b) for a period of up to fifteen (15) working days if he has not submitted an application for injury-on-duty leave, provided that an employee's total sick leave deficit shall not exceed fifteen (15) days,

subject to the deduction of such advanced leave from any sick leave credits subsequently earned, or if an employee resigns, any salary overpayment shall be recovered by the Employer from the employee by other means.

7.05 When an employee is granted sick leave with pay and injury-on-duty leave is subsequently approved for the same period, it shall be considered, for the purpose of the record of sick leave credits, that the employee was not granted sick leave with pay.

7.06 If an employee becomes ill during a period of compensatory leave and such illness is supported by a medical certificate, the employee shall be granted sick leave with pay, in accordance with clause 7.02 and his compensatory leave credits shall be restored to the extent of any concurrent sick leave with pay granted.

### ARTICLE 8

#### TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGE

**8.01** Both parties **recognize** the advantage of technological change, and will encourage and promote technological change and improvements. Both parties will also cooperate to find ways of reducing, and if possible eliminating the loss of employment which may be the result of any major change. Before the Employer introduces any changes in technology which will result in significant changes in the employment status or working conditions of employees, the Employer, except in cases of emergency, will notify a local representative of the Alliance as far in advance as possible of the change, and in any case, at least one hundred and twenty (120) days before its implementation.

**8.02** The Employer will give all reasonable consideration to the continued employment of employees whose services to the Employer would be otherwise become redundant because of technological change.

**8.03** The need for retraining caused by technological change shall be a topic for joint consultation, held on a timely basis, under the umbrella of the Joint Consultation Committee, with representatives of employees affected by the technological changes and the Employer.

### ARTICLE 9

#### SAFETY AND HEALTH

9.01 The Employer shall continue to ensure the occupational safety and health of employees. To this end, the Employer welcomes the continued participation of the employee representatives from the Establishment on the Safety and Health Committee, a recognized legal joint union-management responsibility.

**9.02** All employees shall make every reasonable effort to reduce and obviate risk of employment injury. Where any employee fails to obey a safety regulation issued by the Employer and applicable to him, he may be subject to appropriate disciplinary action.

#### ARTICLE 10

#### **LEAVE GENERAL**

10.01 When an employee has been permitted to liquidate more vacation or sick leave with pay than he has earned and his employment is terminated by death, the employee shall be considered to have earned such leave.

10.02 When an employee has been permitted to liquidate more vacation or sick leave with pay than he has earned, and his employment is terminated by lay-off, he shall be considered to have earned such leave if at the time of his lay-off he has completed two (2) or more years of continuous employment. Following written notice of lay-off, an employee is entitled to liquidate earned leave only.

**10.03** In the event of termination of employment for reasons other than death or lay-off, the Employer shall recover from any monies owed the employee by the Employer an amount equivalent to unearned vacation and sick leave taken by the employee, as calculated from the employee's substantive rate of pay on the date of termination of the employee's employment.

10.04 The amount of leave with pay credited to an employee by the Employer at the time when this Agreement becomes effective, or at the time when the employee becomes subject to this Agreement, shall be retained by the employee except as provided for in those clauses providing for the liquidation of compensatory leave.

10.05 An employee is entitled, once in each fiscal year, to be informed upon request, of the balance of his vacation, compensatory and sick leave credits.

10.06 An employee is not entitled to leave with pay during periods he is on leave without pay or under suspension.

# \*\* ARTICLE 11

# **VACATION LEAVE**

11.01 The vacation year shall be from April  $1^{st}$  to March 3 1 st inclusive, of the following calendar year.

# Accumulation of Vacation Leave Credits \*\* (Arbitral Award: effective January 25, 2000)

- **\*\*** 11.02 An employee shall earn vacation leave credits at the following rate for each calendar month in which he receives at least ten (10) days' pay:
  - (a) one and one-quarter (11/4) days until the month in which the anniversary of his eighth (8<sup>th</sup>) year of service occurs;
  - (b) one and two-thirds (12/3) days commencing with the month in which his eighth (8<sup>th</sup>) anniversary of service occurs;
  - \*\* **(**) effective January 25<sup>th</sup>, 2000, one and eleven-twelfths (1 1 1/12) days commencing with the month in which his seventeenth (17<sup>th</sup>) anniversary of service occurs;

- (d) two and one-twelfth (2 l/l 2) days commencing with the month in which his eighteenth (18<sup>th</sup>) anniversary of service occurs;
- \*\* (r effective January 25<sup>th</sup>, 2000, two and one third (21/3) days commencing with the month in which his twenty eight (28<sup>th</sup>) anniversary of service occurs;
  - (f) two and one-half (2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>) days commencing with the month in which his twentyninth (29<sup>th</sup>) anniversary of service occurs;
- for the purpose of clause 11.02 only, all service within the Public Service, whether continuous or discontinuous, shall count toward vacation leave except where a person who, on leaving the Public Service, takes or has taken severance pay. However, the above exception shall not apply to an employee who receives severance pay on lay-off and is reappointed to the Public Service within one year following the date of lay-off.

## Granting: of Vacation Leave

11.03 Both parties agree that although vacation leave credits are earned as a matter of right, the scheduling and granting of such leave must be **authorized** in advance before such leave is taken. The scheduling and granting of vacation leave should be so arranged as to adequately meet operational requirements, and subject to said operational requirements, an employee may:

- (a) during the first six (6) calendar months of employment only be granted vacation leave up to the amount of earned credits;
- (b) after the first six (6) calendar months of employment be granted an administrative advance of vacation leave credits to the extent of credits that would be accumulated by the end of the vacation year concerned,
- **o** be granted vacation leave on any shift.

11.04 When in respect of any period of vacation leave an employee is granted:

- Oa bereavement leave, or
- (b) is granted leave with pay because of illness in the immediate family, or
- **o** sick leave supported by a medical certificate,

the period of vacation leave so displaced shall either be added to the vacation period if so requested by the employee and approved by the Employer, or reinstated for use at a later date.

### Carry-Over and/or Liquidation of Vacation Leave (Arbitral Award: effective October 13, 2000)

**\*\*** 11.05 When in any fiscal year an employee has not been granted all of the vacation leave credited to him, the unused portion of his vacation leave shall be carried over into the following fiscal year. Carry-over beyond one year shall be by mutual consent.

11.06 During any vacation year, upon application by the employee and at the discretion of the Employer, earned but unused vacation leave credits in excess of fifteen (15) days may be paid in cash at the employee's daily rate of pay as calculated from the rate of pay for the classification of his substantive position on March  $31^{st}$  of the previous vacation year.

### Recall from Vacation Leave

**11.07** When during any period of vacation leave an employee is recalled to duty, he shall be reimbursed for reasonable expenses, as defined by the Employer, that he incurs:

- **(a** in proceeding to his place of duty, and
- (b) in returning to the place from which he was recalled if he immediately resumes his vacation upon completing the assignment for which he was recalled,

after submitting such accounts and within such time limits as are normally required by the Employer.

11.08 The employee shall not be considered as being on vacation leave for any period in respect of which he is entitled to be reimbursed under clause 11.07 for reasonable expenses incurred by him.

### Leave when Employment Terminates

11.09 Except as provided in clause 11.10 when the employment of an employee is terminated for any reason, the employee or his estate shall be paid an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying the number of days of earned but unused vacation leave and furlough leave with pay to his credit by the daily rate of pay as calculated from the rate of pay for the classification of his substantive position on the date of the termination of his employment.

11.10 Where the employee requests, the Employer shall grant the employee vacation leave credits prior to the termination of his employment if this will enable him, for the purposes of severance pay, to complete the first year of continuous employment in the case of lay-off and the tenth (10th) year of continuous employment in the case of resignation.

11.11 An employee whose employment is terminated by reason of abandonment of his position is entitled to receive the payments referred to in clause 11.09 above if he so requests such payments in writing within the six (6) months following the date upon which his employment is terminated by a declaration by the Employer.

### Advance Payments

- 11.12 (a) The Employer agrees to issue advance payments of estimated net salary for vacation periods of two (2) or more complete weeks, provided a written request for such advance payment is received from the employee at least six (6) weeks prior to the last pay day before the employee's vacation period commences.
  - (b) Providing the employee has been **authorized** to proceed on vacation leave for the period concerned, pay in advance of going on vacation shall be made prior to the commencement of leave.
  - **(**Any overpayment in respect of such advance payments shall be an immediate first charge against any subsequent pay entitlements and shall be recovered in full prior to any further payment of salary.

### Cancellation of Vacation Leave

11.13 When the Employer cancels or alters a period of vacation leave which it previously approved in writing, the Employer shall reimburse the employee for the non-refundable portion of vacation contracts and reservations made by the employee in respect of that period, subject to the presentation of such documentation as the Employer may require. The employee must make every reasonable attempt to mitigate any losses incurred and will provide proof of such action to the Employer.

## ARTICLE 12 A

### SPECIAL LEAVE AND OTHER TYPES OF LEAVE

### Arbitral Award: effective from January 25, 2000 to October 12, 2000 and replaced by Article 12B effective October 13, 2000.

### SPECIAL LEAVE

### 12.01 Credits

An employee shall earn special leave with pay credits up to a maximum of twenty-five (25) days at the following rates:

- (a) one-half (½) day for each calendar month in which he has received pay for at least ten (10) days, or
- (b) one-quarter (1/4) day for each calendar month in which he has received less than ten (10) days' pay but more than five (5) days' pay.

12.02 As special leave credits are used, they shall continue to be earned up to a maximum of twenty-five (25) days.

#### 12.03 Marriage Leave

An employee who has twelve (12) months' continuous employment and has sufficient special leave credits available shall be granted special leave with pay, but not more than five (5) days, for the purpose of getting married if he gives the Employer at least five (5) days' advance notice in writing.

#### 12.04 Bereavement Leave

For the purpose of this sub-clause and sub-clause 12.06, "immediate family" is defined as father, mother, brother, sister, spouse, child of the employee, father-in-law, mother-in-law of the employee, and includes any other relative of the employee with whom the employee permanently resides or who is permanently residing in the employee's household.

- When a member of his immediate family dies, an employee, for the purpose of the funeral, shall be granted special leave with pay for a period of not more than four (4) days and not extending beyond the day following the funeral and may, in addition, depending on distance and transit time be granted up to three (3) days' special leave for the purpose of travel if required, in relation to the death.
- (b) In special circumstances and at the request of the employee, bereavement leave may be extended beyond the day of the funeral but the total number of days granted must be consecutive and not greater in number than those provided in sub-clause 12.04(a), and must include the day of the funeral.
- Or An employee is entitled to special leave with pay up to a maximum of one (1) day in the event of the death of the employee's grand-parent, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, grandchild, for the purpose of attending the funeral of said relative of the employee.

### 12.05 Leave for Birth or Adoption of a Child

- An employee may be granted one (1) day's leave with pay for needs directly related to the birth of the employee's child. This leave may be divided into two (2) periods and granted on separate days.
- (b) An employee may be granted one (1) day's leave with pay for needs directly related to the adoption of the employee's child. This leave may be divided into two (2) periods and granted on separate days.

## 12.06 Leave for Other Reasons

- On At the discretion of the Employer special leave with pay may be granted when circumstances not directly attributable to the employee prevent him from reporting for duty, such as illness of a member of the "immediate family", as defined in clause 12.04.
- (b) At the Employer's discretion, special leave with pay may be granted if required to enable an employee to attend to urgent business arising from a serious domestic contingency or difficulty.
- **(c)** Special leave with pay shall be granted for an employee to write an examination for an accredited secondary school, technological institute or university subject, provided the course of study of the employee concerned can reasonably be construed by the Employer as likely to increase his usefulness to the Employer and is not an examination for a completely extraneous subject.

## 12.07 Advance of Credits

If an employee has insufficient credits to cover the granting of special leave within the meaning of sub-clauses 12.04 and 12.06, the Employer, at its discretion, may grant special leave up to a maximum of five (5) days; the advanced credits shall be recovered from the special leave credits which are subsequently earned by the employee or if such deductions cannot be made because an employee resigns any salary overpayment shall be recovered by the Employer from the employee by other means.

## **OTHER TYPES OF LEAVE**

### 12.08 Court Leave

Leave of absence with pay shall be given to every employee, other than an employee on leave of absence without pay, or under suspension, who is required:

(a) to serve on a jury; or

#### -14-

- (b) by subpoena or summons to attend as a witness in any proceeding held
  - in or under the authority of a court of justice or before a grand jury of Canada;
  - (ii) before a court, judge, justice, magistrate or coroner of Canada;
  - (iii) before the Senate or House of Commons of Canada or a committee of the Senate or House of Commons otherwise than in the performance of the duties of his position;
  - (iv) before a legislative council, legislative assembly or house of assembly, or any committee thereof that is **authorized** by Canadian law to compel the attendance of witnesses before it; or
  - **(b)** before an arbitrator or umpire or a person or body of persons **authorized** by Canadian law to make an inquiry and to compel the attendance of witnesses before it.

#### 12.09 Injury-on-Duty Leave

An employee shall be granted injury-on-duty leave with pay for such reasonable period as may be determined by the Employer where it is determined by a provincial Workers' Compensation Board that he is unable to perform his duties because of

- (a) personal injury accidentally received in the performance of his duties and not caused by the employee's wilful misconduct,
- (b) sickness resulting from the nature of his employment,
- **Q** overexposure to radioactivity or other hazardous conditions in the course of his employment,

if the employee agrees to pay to the Receiver General for Canada any amount received by him for loss of wages in settlement of any claim he may have in respect of such injury, sickness or exposure.

When the absence, as a result of injury on duty, is less than the applicable Provincial Workers' Compensation Board waiting period, an employee may be granted injury-on-duty leave during the applicable waiting period providing the employee satisfies the Employer that he was unable to perform his duties.

#### 12.10 Personnel Selection Leave

Where an employee participates in a personnel selection process for a position in the Public Service, as defined in the Public Service Staff Relations Act, the Employer shall grant leave of absence with pay for the period during which the employee's presence is required for purposes of the selection process, and for such further period as the Employer considers reasonable for the employee to travel to and from the place where his presence is so required, provided said place is within the employee's headquarters area.

#### 12.11 Maternity Leave Without Pay

- (A) (i) An employee who becomes pregnant shall, upon request, be granted maternity leave without pay for a period beginning before, on or after the termination date of pregnancy and ending not later than twenty-six (26) weeks after the termination date of pregnancy.
  - (ii) At its discretion, the Employer may require an employee to submit a medical certificate certifying pregnancy.
  - (iii) An employee who has not commenced maternity leave without pay may elect to:
    - (a) use earned vacation and compensatory leave credits up to and beyond the date that her pregnancy terminates,
    - (b) use her sick leave credits up to and beyond the date that her pregnancy terminates, subject to the provisions set out in the Sick Leave With Pay Article. For purposes of this clause, illness or injury as defined in the Sick Leave Article shall include medical disability related to pregnancy.
- (B) An employee shall inform the Employer in writing of her plans for taking leave with and without pay to cover her absence from work due to the pregnancy at least four (4) weeks in advance of the initial date of continuous leave of absence during which termination of pregnancy is expected to occur.
- (C) (i) After completion of six (6) months' continuous employment, an employee who agrees to return to work for a period of at least six (6) months and who provides the Employer with proof that she has applied for and is eligible to receive Employment Insurance (EI) pregnancy benefits pursuant to Section 22 of the *Employment Insurance Act* shall be paid a maternity leave allowance in accordance with the Supplemental Unemployment Benefit (SUB) Plan.

#### -16-

- (ii) An applicant under clause 12.11 (C)(i) shall sign an agreement with the Employer, providing:
  - (a) that she will return to work and work for a period of at least six (6) months, less any period in respect of which she is granted leave with pay;
  - (b) that she will return to work on the date of the **expiry** of her pregnancy leave, unless this date is modified with the Employer's consent.
- (iii) Should the employee fail to return to work as per the provisions of clause 12.11 (C)(ii)(a) and (b) for reasons other than death or lay-off, the employee recognizes that she is indebted to the Employer for the full amount received as maternity leave allowance.
- (D) In respect of the period of maternity leave, maternity leave allowance payments made according to the SUB Plan will consist of the following:
  - where an employee is subject to a waiting period of two (2) weeks before receiving EI pregnancy benefits, an allowance of ninety-three percent (93%) of her weekly rate of pay for each week of the two-week waiting period less any other monies earned during this period; and/or
  - (ii) up to a maximum of fifteen (15) weeks, payment equivalent to the difference between the EI pregnancy benefits the employee is eligible to receive ninety-three percent (93%) of her weekly rate of pay, less any other monies earned during the period which may result in a decrease in EI pregnancy benefits to which the employee would have been eligible if no extra monies had been earned during this period.
  - (iii) (a) for a full-time employee the weekly rate of pay referred to in clause 12.11 (D)(i) and (ii) shall be the weekly rate of pay, to which she is entitled for the classification prescribed in her certificate of appointment of her substantive position, on the day immediately preceding the commencement of the maternity leave;

- (b) for a part-time employee the weekly rate of pay referred to in clause 12.11 (D)(i) and (ii) shall be the full-time weekly rate of pay for the classification prescribed in her certificate of appointment of her substantive position multiplied by the fraction obtained by dividing the employee's assigned hours of work averaged over the last six (6) month period of continuous employment by the regularly scheduled full-time hours of work for the employee's classification on the day immediately preceding the commencement of the maternity leave.
- (iv) where an employee becomes eligible for a pay increment or an economic adjustment during the benefit period, payments under clause 12.11 (D)(i) or (ii) shall be adjusted accordingly.
- (E) Leave granted under this clause shall be counted for the calculation of "continuous employment" for the purpose of calculating severance pay and vacation leave. Time spent on such leave shall be counted for pay increment purposes.

### 12.12 Other Leave With Pav

At its discretion, the Employer may grant leave with pay for purposes other than those specified in this Agreement, including military or civil defence training, and emergencies affecting the community or place of work. With reference to federal and provincial elections, excused duty for voting purposes shall be sufficient to allow an employee the number of consecutive hours to vote immediately prior to closing of the polls specified in the Canada Elections Act or the relevant provincial election act.

### 12.13 Leave Without Pay

At its discretion, the Employer may grant leave without pay for any purpose, including enrolment in the Canadian Forces and election to a full-time municipal office.

# \*\* ARTICLE 12 B

# **OTHER LEAVE WITH OR WITHOUT PAY**

## Arbitral Award replaces Article 12A effective October 13, 2000

**\*\*** 12.01 In respect to applications made for leave pursuant to this Article, the employee may be required to provide satisfactory validation of the circumstances necessitating such requests.

## \*\* 12.02 Bereavement Leave With Pay

F. S. S. S.

For the purpose of this clause, immediate family is defined as father, mother (or alternatively step-father, step-mother or foster-parent), brother, sister, spouse (including common-law spouse resident with the employee), child (including child of common-law spouse), grand-child, step-child or ward of the employee, father-in-law, mother-in-law, and relative permanently residing in the employee's household or with whom the employee permanently resides.

- \*\* On When a member of an employee's immediate family dies, the employee shall be entitled to a bereavement period of up to four (4) consecutive calendar days which does not extend beyond the day following the day of the funeral. During such period the employee shall be paid for those days which are not regularly scheduled days of rest for the employee. In addition, the employee may be granted up to three (3) days leave with pay for the purpose of travel related to the death.
  - (b) In special circumstances and at the request of the employee, the four (4) day bereavement period may be moved beyond the day after the day of the funeral but must include the day of the funeral.
  - Or An employee is entitled to one (1) day of bereavement leave with pay for the purpose related to the death of his grand-parent, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in -law or sister-in-law.
  - (d) If during a period of compensatory leave an employee is bereaved in circumstances under which he would have been eligible for bereavement leave with pay under sub-clauses (a), (b)or (c) of this clause, he shall be granted bereavement leave with pay and his compensatory leave credits shall be restored to the extent of any concurrent bereavement leave with pay granted.
- \*\* () It is recognized by the parties that the circumstances which call for leave in respect of bereavement are based on individual circumstances. On request, the Chief of CSE may, after considering the particular circumstances involved, grant leave with pay for a greater period, and/or in a manner different than that provided for in sub-clauses 12.02 (a) and (c).

# \*\* 12.03 Court Leave With Pay

The Employer shall grant leave with pay to an employee for the period of time that he is required:

-18-

- **o**<sup>a</sup> to be available for jury selection;
- (b) to serve on a jury;

or

- **Q** by subpoena or summons to attend as a witness in any proceeding held:
  - in or under the authority of a court of justice or before a grand jury,
  - (ii) before a court, judge, justice, magistrate or coroner,
  - (iii) before the Senate or House of Commons of Canada, or a committee of the Senate or House of Commons, otherwise than in the performance of the duties of his position,
  - (iv) before a legislative council, legislative assembly or house assembly, or any committee thereof that is **authorized** by law to compel the attendance of witnesses before it,

#### or

(v) before an arbitrator or umpire of a person or body of persons authorized by law to make an inquiry and to compel the attendance of witnesses before it.

#### \*\* 12.04 Personnel Selection Leave With Pay

Where an employee participated in a personnel selection process for a position in the Public Service, as defined by the Public Service Staff Relations Act, the employee is entitled to leave with pay for the period during which the employee's presence is required for the purpose of the selection process, and for such further period as the Employer considers reasonable for the employee to travel to and from the place where his presence is so required.

### \*\* 12.05 Maternity Leave Without Pay

- (A) (1) An employee who becomes pregnant shall, upon request, be granted maternity leave without pay for a period beginning before, on or after the termination of pregnancy and ending not later then seventeen (17) weeks after the termination date of pregnancy.
  - (2) At its discretion, the Employer may require an employee to submit a medical certificate certifying pregnancy.

- (3) An employee who has not commenced maternity leave without pay may elect to:
  - **(a)** use earned vacation and compensatory leave credits up to and beyond the date that her pregnancy terminates;
  - (b) use her sick leave credits up to and beyond the date that her pregnancy terminates, subject to the Sick Leave With Pay Article . For the purposes of this clause, illness or injury as defined in the Sick Leave Article shall include medical disability related to pregnancy.
- (B) An employee shall inform the Employer in writing of her plans for taking leave with or without pay to cover her absence from work due to her pregnancy at least four (4) weeks in advance of the initial date of continuous leave of absence during which termination of pregnancy is expected to occur.
- (C) Leave granted under this clause shall be counted for the calculation of "continuous employment" for the purpose of calculating severance pay and "service" for the purpose of calculating vacation leave. Time spent on such leave shall be counted for pay increment purposes.

### \* \* 12.06 Maternity Leave Allowance

- (A) An employee who has been granted maternity leave without pay shall be paid a maternity allowance in accordance with the terms of the Supplemental Unemployment Benefit (SUB) Plan described in sub-clause 12.06 (B), provided that she:
  - (1) has completed six (6) months of continuous employment before the commencement of maternity leave without pay;
  - (2) provides the Employer with proof that she has applied for and is in receipt of Employment Insurance (EI) pregnancy benefits pursuant to Section 22 of the *Employment Insurance Act* in respect of insurable employment with the Employer;

#### and

(3) has signed an agreement with the Employer stating that:

- **(a)** she will return to work on the **expiry** date of her maternity leave without pay unless this date is modified with the Employer's consent;
- (b) within eighteen (18) months following her return from maternity leave without pay, she will work an amount of hours paid at straight-time calculated by multiplying the number of hours in the work week on which her maternity allowance was calculated by twenty-six (26);
- (c) should the employee fail to return to work as per the provisions of sub-clause 12.06 (A) (3) (a) and (b) for reasons other than death or lay-off, the employee recognizes that she is indebted to the Employer for the amount received as maternity allowance, proportionate to the amount of hours worked in relation to the hours to be worked as specified in sub-clause 12.06 (A)(3)(b) above.
- (4) for the purpose of sub-clause 12.06 (A)(3)(b), periods of leave with pay shall count as time worked.
- (B) Maternity allowance payments made in accordance with the SUB Plan consist of the following:
  - (1) (a) where an employee is subject to a waiting period of two (2) weeks before receiving EI pregnancy benefits, ninety-three per cent (93%) of her weekly rate of pay for each week of the waiting period, less any other moneys earned during this period:

#### and

- (b) for each week that the employee receives a pregnancy benefit pursuant to section 22 of the *Employment Insurance Act*, the difference between the gross weekly amount of the EI benefit she is eligible to receive and ninety-three per cent (93%) of her weekly rate of pay less any other moneys earned during this period.
- (2) the maternity allowance to which an employee is entitled is limited to that provided in sub-clause 12.06(B)(1) and an employee will not be reimbursed for any amount that she may be required to repay pursuant to the *EI Act*.

#### -22-

- (3) The weekly rate of pay referred to in sub-clause 12.06(B)(1) shall be:
  - **(a** for a full-time employee, the employee's weekly rate of pay on the day immediately preceding the commencement of maternity leave without pay;
  - (b) for an employee who has been employed on a part-time or on a combined full-time and part-time basis during the six (6) month period preceding the commencement of maternity leave, the rate obtained by multiplying the weekly rate of pay in sub-clause 12.06(B)(3)(a) by the fraction obtained by dividing the employee's straight-time earnings by the straight-time earnings the employee would have earned working full-time during such period.
- (4) (a) The weekly rate of pay referred to in sub-clause 12.06(B)(3) shall be the rate to which the employee is entitled for her substantive level to which she is appointed.
  - (b) Notwithstanding sub-clause 12.06(B)(4)(a) and subject to sub-clause 12.06(B)(3)(b), if, on the day immediately preceding the commencement of maternity leave without pay, an employee has been on an acting assignment for at least four (4) months, the weekly rate shall be the rate she was being paid on that day.
- (5) Where an employee becomes eligible for a pay increment or pay revision while in receipt of the maternity allowance, the allowance shall be adjusted accordingly.
- (6) Maternity allowance payments made under the SUB Plan will neither reduce nor increase an employee's deferred remuneration or severance pay.

## \*\*12.07 Parental Leave Without Pay

-5

- (A) An employee who becomes a parent through the birth of a child or the adoption of a child below the age of majority shall, upon request, be granted parental leave without pay for a single period of up to twenty-four (24) consecutive weeks beginning on or after the date of the child's birth or the date of acceptance of custody of the child for adoption.
- (B) The period of parental leave without pay shall end:

- (1) where the period of maternity leave without pay as described in sub-clause 12.05(A)(1) above, is followed by a period of parental leave without pay taken by the employee, or in the case of a CSE couple, by the employee's spouse, no later than forty-one (41) weeks after the child is born;
- (2) in all other cases, no later than twenty-four (24) weeks after the day the child is born or the acceptance of custody of the child for adoption.
- (C) An employee who intends to request parental leave without pay shall notify the Employer at least four (4) weeks in advance of the expected date of birth of the child or as soon as the application for adoption has been approved by the adoption agency.
- (D) (1) The Employer may require an employee to submit a birth certificate or proof of adoption for the child.
  - (2) Parental leave without pay taken by a CSE couple shall not exceed a total of twenty-four (24) weeks for both employees combined.
- (E) Leave granted under this clause shall count for the calculation of "continuous employment" for the purpose of calculating severance pay and "service" for the purpose of calculating vacation leave. Time spent on such leave shall count for pay increment purposes.

## \*\* 12.08 Parental Allowance

- (A) An employee who has been granted parental leave without pay shall be paid a parental allowance in accordance with the terms of the Supplemental Unemployment Benefit (SUB) Plan described in sub-clause 12.08 (B) below, providing he or she:
  - (1) has completed six (6) months of continuous employment before the commencement of parental leave without pay;
  - provides the Employer with proof that he or she has applied for and is in receipt of Employment Insurance (EI) parental benefits pursuant to section 23 of the *Employment Insurance Act* in respect of insurable employment with the employer;

#### and

(3) has signed an agreement with the Employer stating that he or she:

- **Q** will return to work on the **expiry** date of his or her parental leave without pay, unless this date is modified with the Employer's consent;
- (b) within eighteen (18) months of his or her return from parental leave without pay, the employee will work an amount of hours paid at straight-time calculated by multiplying the number of hours in the work week on which the parental allowance was calculated by twenty-six (26);
- (): should the employee fail to return to work as per the provisions of sub-clauses 12.08(A)(3)(a) and (b) for reasons other than death or lay-off, the employee recognizes that he or she is indebted to the Employer for the amount received as a parental allowance proportional to the number of hours not worked in relations to the hours to be worked as specified in sub-clause 12.08(A)(3)(b) above.
- (4) for the purpose of sub-clause 12.08(A)(3)(b), periods of leave with pay shall count as time worked.
- (B) Parental Allowance payments made in accordance with the SUB Plan will consist of the following:
  - (1) (a) where an employee is subject to a waiting period of two (2) weeks before receiving EI parental benefits, ninety-three percent (93%) of his or her weekly rate of pay for each week of the waiting period, less any other moneys earned during this period;
    - (b) for each week in respect to which the employee receives EI parental benefits pursuant to section 23 of the *Employment Insurance Act*, the difference between the gross amount of the EI parental benefits he or she is initially eligible to receive and ninety-three per cent (93%) of his or her weekly rate of pay, less any other moneys earned during this period.
  - (2) The parental allowance to which an employee is entitled is limited to that provided in sub-clause 12.08(B)(1) and an employee will not be reimbursed for any amount that he or she is required to repay pursuant to the *EI Act*.
  - (3) The weekly rate of pay referred to in sub-clause 12.08(B)(1) shall be:

- (a) for a full-time employee, the employee's weekly rate of pay on the day immediately preceding the commencement of maternity or parental leave without pay;
- (b) for an employee who has been employed on a part-time or on a combined full-time and part-time basis during the six (6) month period preceding the commencement of maternity of parental leave without pay, the rate obtained by multiplying the weekly rate of pay in sub-clause 12.08(B)(3)(a) by the fraction obtained by dividing the employee's straight-time earnings by the straight-time earnings the employee would have earned working full-time during such a period.
- (4) (a) The weekly rate of pay referred to in sub-clause 12.08(B)(3) shall be the rate to which the employee is entitled for the substantive level to which she or he is appointed.
  - (b) Notwithstanding sub-clause 12.08(B)(4)(a), and subject to subclause 12.08(B)(3)(b), if, on the day immediately preceding the commencement of parental leave without pay, an employee is performing an acting assignment for at least four (4) months, the weekly rate shall be the rate the employee was being paid on that day.
- (5) Where an employee becomes eligible for a pay increment or pay revision while in receipt of parental allowance, the allowance shall be adjusted accordingly.
- (6) Parental allowance payments made under the SUB Plan will neither reduce nor increase an employee's deferred remuneration or severance pay.

## **\*\*** Parental Leave Transitional Provisions

If, since October 13, 2000, an employee is on paternity or adoption leave without pay or has requested a period of such leave without pay but has not yet commenced the leave, he or she shall upon request be entitled to the provisions of clause 12.08. Any application must be received before the termination date of the leave period originally requested.

## \*\* 12.09 Leave Without Pay for the Care and Nurturing; of Pre-School Age Children

Subject to operational requirements as determined by the Employer, an employee shall be granted leave without pay for the personal care and nurturing of the employee's **pre-school** age children in accordance with the following conditions:

- (a) an employee shall notify the Employer in writing as far in advance as possible but not less than four (4) weeks in advance of the date of such leave;
- (b) leave granted under this clause shall be for a minimum period of six (6) weeks;
- the total leave granted under this clause shall not exceed five (5) years during an employee's total period of employment in the Public Service;
- (d) such leave shall be deducted from the calculation of "continuous employment" for the calculation of severance pay and "service" for the calculation of vacation leave;
- time spent on such leave shall not be counted for pay increment purposes.

#### \* \* 12.10 Leave Without Pay for Personal Needs

Leave without pay will be granted for personal needs in the following manner:

- (a subject to operational requirements, leave without pay for a period of up to three(3) months will be granted to an employee for personal needs;
- (b) subject to operational requirements, leave without pay for more than three (3) months but not exceeding one (1) year will be granted to an employee for personal needs;
- (c) an employee is entitled to leave without pay for personal needs only once under each of (a) and (b) of this clause during the employee's total employment in the CSE. Leave without pay granted under this clause may not be used in combination with maternity or parental leave without the consent of the Employer.
- (d) leave without pay granted under (a) of this clause shall be counted for the calculation of "continuous employment" for the purpose of severance pay and "service" for the purpose of calculating vacation leave. Time spent on such leave shall not be counted for pay increment purposes;
- (e) leave without pay granted under (b) of this clause shall be deducted from the calculation of "continuous employment" for the purpose of calculating severance pay and "service" for the purpose of calculating vacation leave for the employee involved. Time spent on such leave shall not count for pay increment purposes.

#### \*\* 12.11 Leave Without Pay for Relocation of a Spouse

- At the request of an employee, leave without pay for a period of up to one (1) year shall be granted to an employee whose spouse is permanently relocated and up to five (5) years to an employee whose spouse is temporarily relocated.
- (b) Leave without pay granted under this clause shall be deducted from the calculation of "continuous employment" for the purpose of calculating severance pay and "service" for the purpose of calculating vacation leave for the employee involved except where the period of such leave is less than three (3) months. Time spent on such leave which is for a period of more than three (3) months shall not be counted for pay increment purposes.

### \* \* 12.12 Leave With Pay for Family-Related Responsibilities

- **Q** For the purpose of this clause, family is defined as spouse, (or common-law spouse resident with the employee), dependent children (including children of legal or common-law spouse), parents (including step-parents of foster parents) or any relative permanently residing in the employee's household or with whom the employee permanently resides.
- \*\* (b) The Employer shall grant leave with pay under the following circumstances:
  - (i) an employee is expected to make every reasonable effort to schedule medical and dental appointments for dependent family members to minimize or preclude his absence from work, however, when alternate arrangements are not possible an employee shall be granted up to one (1) day for medical or dental appointments when the dependent family member is incapable of attending the appointment alone, or for appointments with appropriate authorities in schools or adoption agencies. An employee requesting leave under this provision must provide notice to the leave granting authority of the appointment as far in advance as possible.
  - (ii) to provide for the immediate and temporary care of a sick member of the employee's family and to provide the employee with time to make alternate care arrangements where the illness is of a longer duration.
  - (iii) one (1) day's leave with pay for needs directly related to the birth or adoption of the employee's child. This leave may be divided into two (2) periods and granted on separate days.

**(b)** The total leave with pay which may be granted under sub-clauses (b)(i), (ii) and (iii) above shall not exceed five **(5)** days in a fiscal year.

## \* \* 12.13 Marriage Leave with Pav

- After the completion of one year of continuous employment in the Public Service, and providing an employee gives the Employer at least five (5) days' notice, he shall be granted five (5) days' marriage leave with pay for the purpose of getting married.
- (b) For an employee with less than two (2) years of continuous employment, in the event of termination of employment for reasons other than death or lay-off within six (6) months after granting marriage leave, an amount equal to the amount paid the employee during the period of leave will be recovered by the Employer from any monies owed the employee.

## \* \* 12.14 Injury-On-Duty Leave With Pay

An employee shall be granted injury-on-duty leave with pay for such reasonable period as may be determined by the Employer when a claim has been made pursuant to the *Government Employees Compensation Act*, and a Workman's Compensation authority has notified the Employer that it has certified that the employee is unable to work because of:

- (a) personal injury received in the performance of his duties and not caused by the employee's willful misconduct,
- (b) an industrial illness or disease arising out of and in the course of his employment,

if the employee agrees to remit to the Receiver General of Canada any amount received by him in compensation for loss of pay resulting from or in respect of such injury, illness or disease providing however that such amount does not stem from a personal disability policy for which the employee or his agent has paid the premium.

### \*\* 12.15 Leave With or Without Pay for Other Reasons

At its discretion, the Employer may grant:

- **(a** leave with pay when circumstances not directly attributable to the employee prevent his reporting for duty. Such leave shall not be unreasonably withheld;
- (b) leave without pay for purposes other than those specified in this agreement;

- **(**leave with pay may be granted if required to enable and employee to attend to urgent business arising from a serious domestic contingency or difficulty. Such leave shall not be unreasonably withheld;
- (d) leave with pay for purposes other than those specified in this Agreement, including military or civil defence training, and emergencies affecting the community of place of work. With reference to federal, provincial and municipal elections, excused duty for voting purposes shall be sufficient to allow an employee the number of consecutive hours to vote immediately prior to closing of the polls specified in the Canada Elections Act or relevant provincial or municipal election act.

#### ARTICLE 13

#### **CAREER DEVELOPMENT LEAVE**

#### 13.01 General

The parties to this Agreement **recognize** that employees, in order to maintain and enhance their skills, knowledge and **competencies** in their chosen field of work, need to have an opportunity on occasion to attend or participate in career development activities described in this Article.

#### 13.02 Education Leave Without Pay

- Q Upon written application by the employee and with the approval of the Employer, an employee may be granted education leave without pay for varying periods of up to one (1) year, which can be renewed by mutual agreement, to attend a recognized institution for studies in some field of education in which preparation is needed to fill his present role more adequately or to undertake studies in some field in order to provide a service which the Employer requires or is planning to provide.
- (b) At the Employer's discretion, an employee on education leave without pay under this Article may receive an allowance in lieu of salary of up to 100% (one hundred per cent) of his annual rate of pay, depending on the degree to which the education leave is deemed, by the Employer, to be relevant to organizational requirements. Where the employee receives a grant, bursary or scholarship, the education leave allowance may be reduced. In such cases the amount of the reduction shall not exceed the amount of the grant, bursary or scholarship.

#### -30-

- () Allowances already being received by the employee may at the discretion of the Employer be continued during the period of the education leave. The employee shall be notified when the leave is approved whether such allowances are to be continued in whole or in part.
- (d) As a condition of the granting of education leave without pay, an employee shall, if required, give a written undertaking prior to the commencement of the leave to return to the service of the Employer for a period of not less than the period of the leave granted.

If the employee:

- **()** fails to complete the course;
- (ii) does not resume employment with the Employer on completion of the course;

or

(iii) ceases to be employed, except by reason of death or lay-off, before termination of the period he has undertaken to serve after completion of the course;

he shall repay the Employer all allowances paid to him under this Article during the education leave or such lesser sum as shall be determined by the Employer.

#### 13.03 Attendance at Conferences and Conventions

- **(a)** The parties to this Agreement recognize that attendance or participation at conferences, conventions, symposia, workshops and other gatherings of a similar nature contributes to the maintenance of high professional and technical standards in the work place.
- (b) In order to benefit from exchange of knowledge and experience, an employee shall have the opportunity on occasion to attend conferences and conventions which are related to his field of work, subject to operational constraints.
- **(** The Employer may grant leave with pay and reasonable expenses including registration fees to attend such gatherings, subject to budgetary and operational constraints.

- (d) An employee who attends a conference or convention at the request of the Employer shall be deemed to be on duty and, as required, in travel status. The employer shall pay the Registration fees of the convention or conference the employee is required to attend.
- () An employee invited to participate in a conference or convention in an official capacity, such as to present a formal address or to give a course related to his field of employment, may be granted leave with pay for this purpose and may, in addition, be reimbursed for his payment of convention or conference registration fees and reasonable travel expenses.
- (f) An employee shall not be entitled to any compensation under the Overtime or Travel Time provisions of this Agreement in respect of hours he is in attendance at or **traveling** to or from a conference or convention under the provisions of this clause, except as provided by paragraph (d).

### 13.04 Career and Professional Development

, . . .

- **Q** The parties to this Agreement share a desire to improve professional, technical and administrative standards in the workplace by giving employees the opportunity on occasion:
  - to participate in workshops, short courses or similar out-service programs to keep up to date with knowledge and skills in their respective fields of work;
  - (ii) to attend courses given by the Employer;
  - (iii) to carry out research or perform work related to their normal field of **specialization** in institutions or locations other than those of the Employer.
- (b) Subject to the Employer's approval, an employee shall receive leave with pay in order to participate in the activities described in 13.04 (a).
- Or An employee may apply at any time for career and professional development under this clause, and the Employer may select an employee at any time for such career and professional development.
- (d) When an employee is selected for career and professional development under sub-clause (a) (i) and (iii), the Employer will consult with the employee before determining the location and duration of the program of work or studies to be undertaken.

- (e) An employee selected for career and professional development under this clause shall continue to receive his normal compensation including any increase for which he may become eligible. The employee shall not be entitled to any compensation under the Overtime or Travel Time provisions of this Agreement while on career and professional development leave under this clause.
- (f) An employee, on career and professional development leave under this clause may be reimbursed for reasonable travel expenses and such other additional expenses as the Employer deems appropriate.

#### 13.05 Examination Leave With Pay

At the Employer's discretion, examination leave with pay may be granted to an employee for the purpose of writing an examination which takes place during the employee's scheduled hours of work. Such leave will only be granted where in the opinion of the Employer, the course of study is directly related to the employee's duties or will improve his qualifications.

## \*\* ARTICLE 14

### Arbitral Award: effective October 13, 2000

### **GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE**

- **\*\*** 14.01 The parties to this Agreement recognize the value of informal discussions between employees and their supervisors, to the end that problems might be resolved without recourse to a formal grievance. Where an employee, within the limits prescribed in clause 14.08 gives notice that he wishes to take advantage of this clause, it is agreed that the period between the initial discussion and the final response shall not count as elapsed time for the purpose of grievance time limits.
- **\*\*14.02** An employee who wishes to present a grievance at any prescribed step in the grievance procedure, shall transmit this grievance to his immediate supervisor or local officer-in-charge who shall forthwith:
  - **(a** forward the grievance to the representative of the Employer **authorized** to deal with grievances at the appropriate step;

and

(b) provide the employee with a receipt stating the date on which the grievance was received by him.

**\*\*14.03** A grievance of an employee shall not be deemed to be invalid by reason only of the fact that it is not in accordance with the form supplied by the Employer.

. .

**\*\*14.04** Subject to and as provided in Section **91** of the *Public Service Staff Relations Act*, an employee who feels that he has been treated unjustly or considers himself aggrieved by an action or lack of action by the Employer, in matters other than those arising from the classification process, is entitled to present a grievance in the manner prescribed in clause 14.02,

#### except that

**(a)** where there is another administrative procedure provided by, or under any Act of Parliament, to deal with his specific complaint such procedure must be followed,

and

- (b) where the grievance relates to the interpretation or application of the Collective Agreement or an **arbitral** award, he is not entitled to present the grievance unless he has the approval of, and is represented by the Alliance.
- \*\*14.05 There shall be no more than a maximum of three (3) steps in the grievance procedure. The final step shall be the Chief, Communications Security Establishment.
- **\*\*** 14.06 The Employer shall designate a representative at each step in the grievance procedure and shall inform each employee, to whom the procedure applies, of the name or title of the person so designated together with the name or title and address of the immediate supervisor or local officer-in-charge to whom a grievance is to be presented. This information shall be communicated to employees by means of notices posted by the Employer in places where such notices are most likely to come to the attention of the employees to whom the grievance procedure applies, or otherwise as determined by agreement between the Employer and the Alliance.
- **\*\*14.07** An employee may be assisted and/or represented by the Alliance when presenting a grievance at any level. The Alliance shall have the right to consult with the Employer with respect to a grievance at each level of the grievance procedure.
- **\*\*** 14.08 An employee may present a grievance to the first step of the procedure in the manner prescribed in clause 14.02, not later than the twenty-fifth (25th) day after the date on which he is notified orally or in writing or on which he first becomes aware of the action or circumstances giving rise to the grievance.
- **\*\*14.09** An employee may present a grievance at each succeeding step in the grievance procedure, beyond the first step either:

-33-

**Q** where the decision or settlement is not satisfactory to him within ten (10) days after that decision or settlement has been conveyed in writing to him by the Employer,

or

- (b) where the Employer has not conveyed a decision to him within the time prescribed in clause 14.10, within fifteen (15) days after the presented grievance at the previous step.
- \*\*14.10 The Employer shall normally reply to an employee's grievance at any step of the grievance procedure, except the final step, within ten (10) days after the grievance is presented, and within twenty (20) days where the grievance is presented at the final step.
- **\*\*** 14.11 Where an employee has been represented by the Alliance in the presentation of his grievance, the Employer will provide the appropriate representative of the Alliance with a copy of the Employer's decision at each step of the grievance procedure at the same time that the Employer's decision is conveyed to the employee.
- **\*\*** 14.12 The decision given by the employer at the Final Level in the grievance procedure shall be final and binding upon the employees unless the grievance is a class of grievance that may be referred to adjudication.
- **\*\*14.13** In determining the time within which any action is to be taken as prescribed in this procedure, Saturdays, Sundays and designated holidays shall be excluded.
- **\*\*** 14.14 Where the provisions of clause 14.02 cannot be complied with and it is necessary to present a grievance by mail, the grievance shall be deemed to have been presented on the day on which it is postmarked and it shall be deemed to have been received by the Employer in the day it is delivered to the appropriate office of the department or agency concerned. Similarly, the Employer shall be deemed to have delivered a reply at any step on the date on which the letter containing the reply is postmarked, but the time limit within which the griever may present his grievance at the next higher step shall be calculated from the date on which the Employer's reply was delivered to the address shown on the grievance form.
- **\*\*14.15** The time limits stipulated in this procedure may be extended by mutual agreement between the Employer and the employee and, where appropriate, the Alliance representative.
- \*\*14.16 Where it appears that the nature of the grievance is such that a decision cannot be given below a particular step of authority, any or all the steps except the final step may be eliminated by agreement of the Employer and the employee, and, where applicable, the Alliance.
- **\*\*14.17** Where the Employer discharges an employee, the grievance procedure set forth in this Agreement shall apply, except that the grievance may be presented at the final level only.

- **\*\*14.18** An employee may by written notice to his immediate supervisor or officer-in-charge abandon a grievance.
- **\*\*** 14.19 Any employee who fails to present a grievance to the next higher step within the prescribed time limits shall be deemed to have abandoned the grievance unless, due to circumstances beyond his control, he was unable to comply with the prescribed time limits.
- **\*\*** 14.20 No person shall seek by intimidation, by threat of dismissal or by any other kind of threat to cause an employee to abandon his grievance or refrain from exercising his right to present a grievance, as provided in this Collective Agreement.
- **\*\*14.2**1 Where an employee has presented a grievance up to and including the final step in the grievance procedure with respect to:
  - **(a)** the interpretation or application in respect of him of a provision of this Collective Agreement or a related **arbitral** award,

or

(b) disciplinary action resulting in discharge, suspension or a financial penalty,

and his grievance has not been dealt with to his satisfaction, he may refer the grievance to adjudication in accordance with the provisions of the *Public Service Staff Relations Act* and Regulations.

- \*\*14.22 Where a grievance that may be presented by an employee to adjudication is a grievance relating to the interpretation or application in respect of him of a provision of this Agreement or an **arbitral** award, the employee is not entitled to refer the grievance to adjudication unless the Alliance signifies in a prescribed manner:
  - **Q** its approval of the reference of the grievance to adjudication,

and

(b) its willingness to represent the employee in the adjudication proceedings.

# ARTICLE 15

# LEAVE FOR ALLIANCE BUSINESS

## 15.01 Public Service Staff Relations Board Hearings

(1) <u>Complaints made to the Public Service Relations Board pursuant to Section 23 of the Public Service Staff Relations Act</u>

Where operational requirements permit the Employer will grant leave with pay:

(a) to an employee who makes a complaint on his own behalf before the Public Service Staff Relations Board,

and

- (b) to an employee who acts on behalf of an employee making a complaint, or who acts on behalf of the Alliance making a complaint.
- (2) <u>Applications for Certification. Representations and Interventions with Respect to</u> <u>Applications for Certification</u>

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave without pay:

**(a)** to an employee who represents the Alliance in an application for certification or in an intervention;

and

- (b) to an employee who makes personal representations with respect to a certification.
- (3) <u>Employee called as a witness</u>

The Employer will grant leave with pay:

(a) to an employee called as a witness by the Public Service Staff Relations Board;

and

(b) Where operational requirements permit, to an employee called as a witness by an employee or the Alliance.

# 15.02 Arbitration Board and Conciliation Board Hearings

- (1) Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave with pay to a reasonable number of employees representing the Alliance before an Arbitration Board or Conciliation Board.
- (2) The Employer will grant leave with pay to an employee called as a witness by an Arbitration Board or Conciliation Board and, where operational requirements permit, leave with pay to an employee called as a witness by the Alliance.

# 15.03 Adjudication

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave with pay to an employee who is:

-37-

- **Q** a party to the adjudication,
- (b) the representative of an employee who is a party to an adjudication,

and

**Q** a witness called by an employee who is a party to an adjudication.

## 15.04 Meetings During: the Grievance Process

(1) Employee Presenting a Grievance

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant to an employee:

(a) where the Employer originates a meeting with the employee who has presented a grievance, leave with pay when the meeting is held in the headquarters area of such employee and "on duty" status when the meeting is held outside the headquarters area of such employee;

and

(b) where an employee who has presented a grievance seeks to meet with the Employer, leave with pay to the employee when the meeting is held in the headquarters area of such employee and leave without pay when the meeting is held outside the headquarters area of such employee.

# (2) Employee who Acts as a Representative

and the second second

Where an employee wishes to represent at a meeting with the Employer, an employee who has presented a grievance, the Employer will, where operational requirements permit, grant leave with pay to the representative when the meeting is held in the headquarters area of such employee and leave without pay when the meeting is held outside the headquarters area of such employee.

and the manufacture of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the const

# (3) <u>Grievance Investigation</u>

Where an employee has asked or is obliged to be represented by the Alliance in relation to the presentation of a grievance and an employee acting on behalf of the Alliance wishes to discuss the grievance with that employee, the employee and the representative of the employee will, where operational requirements permit, be given reasonable leave with pay for this purpose when the discussion takes place in the headquarters area of such employees and leave without pay when it takes place outside the headquarters area of such employees.

## 15.05 Contract Negotiations Meetings

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave without pay to a reasonable number of employees for the purpose of attending contract negotiations meetings on behalf of the Alliance.

## 15.06 Preparatory Contract Negotiations Meetings

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave without pay to a reasonable number of employees to attend preparatory contract negotiations meetings.

## 15.07 Meetings between the Alliance and Management

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave with pay to a reasonable number of employees who are meeting with management on behalf of the Alliance.

## 15.08 Alliance Meetings and Conventions

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave without pay to a reasonable number of employees to attend meetings of the Board of Directors of the Alliance, meetings of the National Executive of the Component, Executive Board meetings of the Alliance and conventions of the Alliance and the Component, the Canadian Labour Congress and Territorial and Provincial Federations of Labour.

#### -38-

# 15.09 Representatives' Training Courses

Where operational requirements permit, the Employer will grant leave without pay to employees who exercise the authority of a representative on behalf of the Alliance to undertake training sponsored by the Alliance related to the duties of a representative.

# ARTICLE 16

# HOURS OF WORK

# General

16.01 For the purpose of this Article, a week shall consist of seven (7) consecutive days beginning at 00:00 hours Monday morning and ending at 24:00 hours Sunday.

16.02 Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as guaranteeing minimum or maximum hours of work.

# Day Work

16.03 The scheduled work week shall be thirty-seven and one-half  $(37\frac{1}{2})$  hours from Monday to Friday inclusive, and the scheduled work day shall be seven and one half  $(7\frac{1}{2})$  consecutive hours, exclusive of a meal break of not less than thirty (30) minutes.

16.04 Where scheduled hours are to be changed so that they are different from those specified in clause 16.03, the Employer in advance, except in cases of emergency, will consult with the local representative of the Bargaining Agent on such hours of work and in such consultation will establish that such hours are required for an efficient operation.

16.05 An employee whose hours of work are scheduled in accordance with clause 16.03 and whose hours of work are changed to extend before or beyond the hours of 6 a.m. and 6 p.m., and who has not received at least five (5) days' notice in advance of the starting time of such change, shall be paid the first day or shift worked subsequent to such change at the rate of time and one-half ( $1\frac{1}{2}$ ). Subsequent days or shifts worked on the revised schedule shall be paid at the straight-time rate, subject to the overtime provisions of this agreement.

-39-

# Variable Hours

- 16.06 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of clause 16.03, upon request of an employee and the concurrence of the Employer, an employee may complete his weekly hours of employment in a period of other than five (5) full working days provided that over a period of twenty-eight (28) calendar days the employee works an average of thirty-seven and one-half (37½) hours per week. As part of the provisions of this clause, attendance reporting shall be mutually agreed between the employee and the Employer. In every twenty-eight (28) day period such an employee shall be granted days of rest on such days as are not scheduled as a normal work day for him.
  - (b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, the implementation of any variation in hours shall not result in any additional overtime work or additional payment by reason only of such variation nor shall it be deemed to prohibit the right of the Employer to schedule any hours of work permitted by the terms of this Agreement.
  - (c) Employees covered by this clause shall be subject to the administrative provisions in Article 17.

# Shift Work

16.07 When because of operational requirements of the service, hours of work are scheduled for an employee on a rotating or irregular basis, they shall be scheduled so that employees:

- (a) work an average of thirty-seven and one-half (37 ½) hours and an average of five (5) days per week;
- (b) work seven and one-half (7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>) hours per day, exclusive of a one-half (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>) hour meal break;
- **Q** obtain an average of two (2) days of rest per week;
- (d) obtain at least two (2) consecutive days of rest, except when days of rest are separated by a designated paid holiday which is not worked.
- covered by this clause shall work no more than seven (7) consecutive shifts at the straight-time rate between days of rest, except by the application of clause 16.09.

16.08 Where an employee's scheduled shift does not commence and end on the same day, such shift shall be considered for all purposes to have been entirely worked:

#### -40-

**(a)** on the day it commenced where half or more of the hours worked fall on that day,

or

(b) on the day it terminated where more than half of the hours worked fall on that day.

Accordingly, the first day of rest will be considered to start immediately after midnight of the calendar day on which the employee worked or is considered to have worked his last scheduled shift; and the second day of rest will start immediately after midnight of the employee's first day of rest.

16.09 Provided that sufficient advance notice is given and with the approval of the Employer, employees may exchange shifts if there is no increase in cost to the Employer.

- 16.10 (a) An employee who is required to change his scheduled shift without receiving at least five (5) days notice in advance of the starting time of such change in his scheduled shift, shall be paid for the first shift worked on the revised schedule at the rate of time and one-half  $(1\frac{1}{2})$ . Subsequent shifts worked on the revised schedule schedule shall be paid of the straight time rate, subject to the overtime provisions of this Agreement.
  - (b) When an employee's shifts are scheduled so that the starting times are less than twenty-four (24) hours apart, the employee shall be paid at the rate of time and one-half (1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>) for the shift worked that commences less than twenty-four (24) hours after the scheduled starting time of the previous shift.

16.11 Notwithstanding the provisions of clause 16.07, consultation may be held at the local level with a view to establishing shifts that are in excess of seven and one-half  $(7 \frac{1}{2})$  hours of work. Such consultation will include all aspects of arrangements of the shift schedules. Application of this clause shall provide that the employees work an average of thirty-seven and one-half  $(37 \frac{1}{2})$  hours a week over the life of the schedule, and must meet the operational requirements as determined by the Employer. The maximum life of the schedule shall be six (6) months. Once a mutually acceptable agreement is reached at the local level, the proposed shift schedule will be submitted to the appropriate Component and Employer levels for information purposes only before implementation.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this agreement, the implementation of any variation in hours shall not result in any additional overtime work or additional payment by reason only of such variation, nor shall it be deemed to prohibit the right of the Employer to schedule any hours of work permitted by the terms of this Agreement.

Employees covered by this clause shall be subject to the administrative provisions of Article 17.

# \*\* <u>ARTICLE 17</u>

## Arbitral Award: effective October 13, 2000

## ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS FOR HOURS OF WORK

#### SCHEDULED IN ACCORDANCE WITH

#### **CLAUSES 16.06 OR 16.11**

Employees whose shift schedules are established in accordance with clause 16.11 or an employee whose weekly hours of work are approved in accordance with clause 16.06 of Article 16, Hours of Work, shall be subject to the following provisions which modify the Collective Agreement for such employees to the extent specified herein.

## Conversion of Days to Hours

The provisions of the Collective Agreement that specify days shall be converted to hours. Where the Collective Agreement refers to a "day" it shall be converted to seven and one-half  $(7\frac{1}{2})$  hours.

#### \*\* Leave - General

All leave provisions that specify days shall be converted to hours as follows:

-one-half (½) day	- three decimal seven five (3.75) hours
-one (1) day	- seven decimal five zero (7.50) hours
-one and one-quarter (1 ¼) days	- nine decimal three seven five (9.375) hours
-one and two-thirds (1 3/3) days	- twelve decimal five zero (12.50) hours
-one and eleven/twelve (111/12)	-fourteen decimal three seven five (14.375) hours
-two and one-twelfth (2 1/12) days	- fifteen decimal six two five (15.625) hours
-two and one third (21/3) days	-seventeen decimal five zero (17.50) hours

-42-

#### Implementation/Termination

Effective the date on which the provisions of this Article apply to an employee the accrued leave credits shall be converted to hours. Effective on the date on which an employee ceases to be subject to the provisions of this Article the accrued credits shall be converted to days

# SPECIFIC APPLICATION

For greater certainty the following provisions shall be administered as provided herein:

## Interpretation and Definitions

"daily rate of pay" does not apply.

#### **\*\*** Vacation Leave & Sick Leave

An employee shall earn vacation and sick leave credits at the converted amounts as follows:

- (a) one-half  $(\frac{1}{2})$  day = three decimal seven five (3.75) hours
- (b) one (1) day = seven decimal five zero (7.50) hours
- c one and one-quarter (1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>) days = nine decimal three seven five (9.375) hours
- (d) one and two-thirds  $(1 \frac{2}{3})$  days = twelve decimal five zero (12.50) hours
- $\mathbf{0}$  one and eleven/twelve (1 1 1/12) = fourteen decimal three seven five (14.375) hours
- (f) two and one-twelfth  $(2 \frac{1}{12})$  days = fifteen decimal six two five (15.625) hours
- (g) two and one third (21/3) days = seventeen decimal five zero (17.50) hours
- (h) two and one-half  $(2\frac{1}{2})$  days = eighteen decimal seven five (18.75) hours.

Leave will be granted on an hourly basis with the hours debited for each day of vacation or sick leave being the same as the hours the employee would normally have been scheduled to work, exclusive of a meal break.

-43-

#### -44-

# Designated Holidays

Remuneration for Work on a Designated Holiday

- **Q** A designated holiday shall be seven and one-half (7 ½) hours only for the purpose of holiday pay.
- (b) When an employee works on a designated holiday the employee shall be paid in addition to the seven and one-half (7½) hours of holiday pay that he would have been granted had he not worked on the holiday, at the rate of time and one-half (1½) up to his regular scheduled hours of work and double (2) time for all hours worked in excess of his regular scheduled hours;

# Meal allowance

- **(a)** An employee who works three (3) or more hours immediately before or following his normal scheduled hours of work on a designated holiday shall be reimbursed for one (1) meal in the amount of six dollars and fifty cents (\$6.50).
- (b) An employee who works continuously for four (4) hours or more beyond the period provided in (a) above, on a designated holiday shall be reimbursed for one (1) additional meal in the amount of six dollars and fifty cents (\$6.50).

# <u>Overtime</u>

An employee shall be compensated for overtime work performed:

- a) in excess of an employee's scheduled hours of work on a scheduled working day in accordance with the overtime provisions;
- b) on a day of rest in accordance with the overtime provisions.

# Pay Administration

The qualifying period for acting pay specified in clause 33.08 shall be converted to hours.

# Hours of Work

Clauses 16.03 and 16.07 do not apply.

When an employee works variable hours, exchange of shifts may be permitted in accordance with clause **16.09**, however the Employer shall pay as if no exchange had occurred.

# ARTICLE 18

# **OVERTIME**

**18.01** Overtime credits earned will be recorded on the basis of each completed fifteen (15) minutes.

18.02 An employee who is required by the Employer to work one-half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) hour or more overtime on a normally scheduled working day shall receive overtime compensation at time and one-half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) for each of the first four (4) hours of overtime worked by him in excess of his normal work day, and double time (2) for each hour of overtime worked in any contiguous period by him thereafter.

**18.03** An employee who is required by the Employer to work on his day of rest is entitled to overtime compensation as follows:

- (a) on his first day of rest at the rate of time and one-half  $(1\frac{1}{2})$  for each of the first seven and one-half  $(7\frac{1}{2})$  hours of overtime worked by him, and double time (2) for each hour of overtime worked by him thereafter,
- (b) on his second and subsequent days of rest at double time (2) rate for each hour of overtime worked by him,

provided the days of rest are in an unbroken series of consecutive and contiguous calendar days of rest and without the requirement of having worked on his first day of rest.

**18.04** When the Employer determines that overtime is necessary, the Employer shall make every reasonable effort to allocate overtime work on an equitable basis among readily available qualified employees.

**18.05** Overtime shall be compensated in cash except where, upon request of an employee and with the approval of the Employer, overtime may be compensated on the equivalent time off with pay. Any compensatory leave credits earned in a fiscal year and not taken by the end of the following fiscal year will be paid in cash at the rate of pay at which the overtime was earned.

18.06 (a) An employee given instructions on a previous work day to work overtime on a normal work day at a time which is not contiguous to his work period, shall be paid for the time actually worked at the applicable overtime rate, or a minimum of two (2) hours pay at the straight-time rate, whichever is greater.

-46-

- (b) An employee is given instructions before the beginning of his meal break or before the midpoint of his work day, whichever is earlier, to work overtime on that day at a time which is not contiguous to his work period, shall be paid for the time actually worked at the applicable overtime rate, or a minimum of two (2) hours pay at the straight-time rate, whichever is greater.
- **Q** An employee given instructions after the beginning of his meal break or after the midpoint of his work day, whichever is earlier, to work overtime on that day at a time which is not contiguous to his work period, shall be paid at the applicable overtime rate, or a minimum of three (3) hours pay at the straight-time rate, whichever is greater.
- 18.07 (a) An employee who works three (3) or more hours of overtime immediately before or immediately following his scheduled hours of work shall be reimbursed expenses for one meal in the amount of six dollars and fifty cents (\$6.50) except where free meals are provided.
  - (b) When an employee works overtime continuously extending four (4) hours or more beyond the period provided in (a) above, he shall be reimbursed for one additional meal in the amount of six dollars and fifty cents (\$6.50), except where free meals are provided.
  - c) Reasonable time with pay, to be determined by management, shall be allowed the employee in order that he may take a meal break either at or adjacent to his work place.
  - (d) In order to avoid double payment, the provisions of this clause shall not apply to an employee who is entitled to claim reimbursement for the same meals for any other reason, such as being in travel status.
- 18.08 (a) An employee contacted by telephone, at a location away from his place of work, while on standby or at any other time outside of his working hours, although not required to report to work, is entitled to overtime compensation under sub-clause (b) below for overtime worked by him at or from such a location provided that:
  - **(**) such overtime work is **authorized** in advance by the Employer or is in accordance with standard operating instructions;
  - (ii) the employee does not control the duration of the overtime work.
  - (b) Such an employee shall be paid the greater of:

and the second second

#### -47-

- **(**) the applicable overtime rate for time actually worked or,
- (ii) the minimum of two (2) hours pay at the straight time rate of pay, except that this minimum shall apply only the first time that an employee is called and works during a period of eight (8) hours, starting with the first call.

18.09 When an employee is required to report for work and reports for work under the conditions described in clauses 18.03 and 18.06, and is required to use transportation services other than normal public transportation services, he shall be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred as follows:

- (a) mileage allowance at the rate normally paid to an employee when authorized to use his automobile when the employee travels by means of his own automobile, or
- (b) out-of-pocket expenses for other means of commercial transportation.

# ARTICLE 19

#### **DESIGNATED HOLIDAYS**

**19.01** Subject to clause **19.02**, the following days shall be designated as holidays with pay for employees:

- (a New Year's Day,
- (b) Good Friday,
- C Easter Monday,
- (d) the day fixed by proclamation of the Governor in Council for the celebration of the Sovereign's Birthday,
- (e) Canada Day,
- (f) Labour Day,
- (g) the day fixed by proclamation of the Governor in Council as a general day of thanksgiving,
- (h) Remembrance Day,

- **(**) Christmas Day,
- (j) Boxing Day,
- (k) one additional day in each year that, in the opinion of the Employer, is recognized to be a provincial or civic holiday in the area in which the employee is employed or, in any area where, in the opinion of the Employer, no such additional holiday is recognized as a provincial or civic holiday, the first Monday in August,
- (1) one additional day when proclaimed by an Act of Parliament as a national holiday.

**19.02** An employee who is absent without pay on both his full working day immediately preceding and his full working day immediately following a designated holiday is not entitled to pay for the holiday, except in the case of an employee who is granted leave without pay under the provisions of Article 15, Leave for Alliance Business.

19.03 When a day designated as a holiday under clause 19.0 1 coincides with an employee's day of rest, the holiday shall be moved to the first scheduled working day following his day of rest. When a day that is a designated holiday is so moved to a day on which the employee is on leave with pay, the day shall count as a holiday and not as a day of leave.

**19.04** When a day designated as a holiday for an employee is moved to another day under the provisions of clause **19.03** :

- **(a)** work performed by an employee on the day from which the holiday was moved shall be considered as work performed on a day of rest, and
- (b) work performed by an employee on the day to which the holiday was moved shall be considered as work performed on a holiday.

#### Remuneration for Work on a Designated Holiday

19.05 When an employee is required to work on a holiday he shall be paid, in addition to the pay he would have been granted had he not worked on the holiday:

() time and one-half (1½) for all hours worked up to a maximum of his normal daily scheduled hours of work, and double (2) time for all hours worked in excess of his normal daily scheduled hours of work,

-48-

- <sup>®</sup>> upon request, and with the approval of the Employer, an employee may be granted:
  - a day of leave with pay (straight-time rate of pay) at a later date in lieu of the designated holiday and pay at time and one-half (1 ½) or double (2) time as the case may be, for all hours worked, in accordance with the provisions of sub-clause 19.05 (a) above. The day of leave with pay at a later date is in lieu of the pay the employee would have been granted had he not worked on the designated holiday.
  - (ii) The Employer shall grant lieu days at times which are mutually acceptable to the employee and the Employer;
  - (iii) Lieu days not granted by the end of the fiscal year in which they are earned may be paid for in cash, or at the request of the employee, carried over into the next fiscal year. All lieu days carried over into the next fiscal year and not granted will be paid for in cash at the end of the year into which they were carried. All lieu days will be paid in cash at the rate of pay at which the lieu time was earned.
- **Q** When an employee works on a holiday, which is not his scheduled day of work, contiguous to a day of rest on which he also worked and received overtime in accordance with clause 18.03, he shall be paid in addition to the pay that he would have been granted had he not worked on the holiday, two (2) times his hourly rate of pay for all hours worked.

**19.06** An employee shall be compensated for work on a designated holiday only when he is required in advance by an **authorized** officer of the Employer to perform work on a designated holiday; it shall be the Employer's responsibility to determine the amount of work to be performed and when the work is to be done.

**19.07** When a day that is a designated holiday for an employee falls within a period of leave with pay, the holiday shall not be counted as a day of leave.

- 19.08 (a) An employee who is required to work eleven (11) or more consecutive hours on a designated holiday and does so shall be reimbursed for one (1) meal in the amount of six dollars and fifty cents (\$6.50).
  - (b) An employee who is required to work fifteen (15) or more consecutive hours on a designated holiday and does so, shall be reimbursed, in addition to the meal allowance provided in sub-clause (a) of this clause, for one additional meal in the amount of six dollars and fifty cents (\$6.50).

-50-

**Q** Reasonable time with pay, to be determined by the Employer, shall be allowed to the employee in order that he may take a meal break either at or adjacent to his place of work.

 $\mathcal{A}_{i}^{\mathrm{eff}}(Y) \sim \mathcal{A}_{i}$ 

(d) This clause shall not apply to an employee who is in travel status that entitles him to claim for lodging and/or meals.

# <u>ARTICLE 20</u>

# SEVERANCE PAY

**20.01** The rate of pay to be used in the calculation of severance pay shall be the weekly rate of pay to which the employee is entitled for the classification of the employee's substantive position on the date of the termination of the employee's employment.

# Lay-off

20.02 An employee who has one (1) year or more of continuous employment and who is laid-off is entitled to be paid severance pay as soon as possible following the time of lay-off.

20.03 In the case of an employee who is laid-off for the first time, the amount of severance pay shall be two (2) weeks' pay for the first complete year and one (1) weeks' pay for each succeeding complete year of continuous employment, less any period in respect of which the employee was granted severance pay, retiring leave, rehabilitation leave or cash gratuity in lieu thereof by the Public Service, a Federal Crown Corporation, the Canadian Forces or the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

20.04 In the case of an employee who is laid-off for the second or subsequent time, the amount of severance pay shall be one (1) weeks' pay for each completed year of continuous employment, less any period in respect of which the employee was granted severance pay under clause 20.03 or severance pay, retiring leave, rehabilitation leave or cash gratuity in lieu thereof by the Public Service, a Federal Crown Corporation, the Canadian Forces or the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

# Resignation

20.05 Subject to sub-clause 20.07, an employee who has ten (10) or more years of continuous employment is entitled to be paid on resignation severance pay equal to the amount obtained by multiplying half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) of his weekly rate of pay by the number of completed years of his continuous employment to a maximum of twenty-six (26) years with a maximum benefit of (13) weeks' pay, less any period in respect of which the employee was granted severance pay, retiring leave, rehabilitation leave or cash gratuity in lieu thereof by the Public Service, a Federal Crown Corporation, the Canadian Forces or the Royal Canadian Mounted Police except that clause 20.05 shall not apply to an employee who resigns to accept employment in the Public Service or a Federal Crown Corporation that accepts the transfer of leave credits.

# **Rejection on Probation**

20.06 On rejection on probation, when an employee has completed more than one (1) year of continuous employment and ceases to be employed by reason of rejection during the probationary period, he is entitled to one week's pay for each year of continuous employment to a maximum of twenty-seven (27) weeks' pay, less any period in respect of which the employee was granted severance pay, retiring leave, rehabilitation leave or cash gratuity in lieu thereof by the Public Service, a Federal Crown Corporation, the Canadian Forces or the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

# Retirement

20.07 On retirement an employee who is entitled, under the *Public Service Superannuation Act*, to either an immediate annuity or to an immediate annual allowance, shall be paid severance pay comprised of one (1) weeks' pay for each complete year of continuous employment to a maximum of thirty (30) weeks pay, less any period in respect of which the employee was granted severance pay, retiring leave, rehabilitation leave or cash gratuity in lieu thereof by the Public Service, a Federal Crown Corporation, the Canadian Forces or the Royal Canadian Mounted Police

#### <u>Death</u>

**20.08** Regardless of any other benefit payable, if an employee dies, there shall be paid to his estate, severance pay comprised of one (1) week's pay for each completed year of continuous employment to a maximum of thirty (30) week's pay, less any period in respect of which the employee was granted severance pay, retiring leave, rehabilitation leave or cash gratuity in lieu thereof by the Public Service, a Federal Crown Corporation, the Canadian Forces or the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

## Incapacity

**20.09** An employee released from employment for incapacity shall on termination of his employment be entitled to one (1) week's pay for each complete year of continuous employment to a maximum of twenty-eight (28) weeks' pay, less any period in respect of which the employee was granted severance pay, retiring leave, rehabilitation leave or cash gratuity in lieu thereof by the Public Service, a Federal Crown Corporation, the Canadian Forces or the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

# \*\* ARTICLE 21

# (Arbitral Award: effective January 25, 2000

## SHIFT PREMIUMS

Shift Premium

**\*\***21.01 An employee will receive a shift premium of one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) per hour for all hours worked, including overtime hours, between 4 p.m. and 8 a.m. The shift premium will not be paid for hours worked between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

#### Weekend Premium

\*\*21.02 An employee shall be paid an additional weekend premium of one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) per hour for all regularly scheduled hours at straight-time rates worked on Saturday and/or Sunday.

21.03 An employee who retires, resigns or is laid-off shall be entitled to be compensated for shift and weekend premiums which he has earned but has not received payment.

21.04 If an employee dies, shift and weekend premiums earned but not received by the employee before his death shall be paid to his estate.

# ARTICLE 22

#### **REPORTING PAY**

22.01 When an employee is required by the Employer to report for work for prescheduled overtime on a day of rest or a designated holiday, he shall be paid the greater of:

**a** compensation at the applicable overtime rate for time worked,

# -53-

(b) compensation equivalent to four (4) hours' pay at the straight-time rate except that the minimum of four (4) hours' pay shall apply only the first time that an employee reports for work during a period of eight (8) hours, starting with the employee's first reporting.

22.02 Reporting pay is not different from or additional to overtime compensation but is merely to establish a minimum compensation to be paid in prescribed circumstances.

# ARTICLE 23

# **STANDBY**

23.01 Where the Employer requires an employee to be available on standby during off-duty hours, an employee shall be compensated at the rate of one-half (1/2) hour for each four (4) hour period or portion thereof for which he has been designated as being on standby duty.

23.02 An employee designated by letter or by list for standby duty shall provide the Employer with the telephone number at which he can be reached. He shall be available during each period of standby at such telephone number and be available to return for duty as quickly as possible if called. In designating employees for standby, the Employer will endeavor to provide for the equitable distribution of standby duties.

23.03 No standby payment shall be granted for any period of standby if an employee is unable to report for duty during that period when he is required to do so.

23.04 An employee on stand-by who is required to report for work shall be paid, in addition to the stand-by pay, the greater of:

- the applicable overtime rate for the time worked, or (a)
- (b) the minimum of four (4) hours' pay at the hourly rate of pay less any minimum payment received pursuant to clause 18.08 of Article 18, except that this minimum shall only apply the first time that an employee is required to report for work during a period of standby of eight (8) hours.

23.05 Payment in accordance with clause 23.04 is not different from or additional to overtime compensation but is merely to establish a minimum compensation to be paid in prescribed circumstances.

or

## -54-

**23.06** When an employee is recalled to work overtime in the conditions described in clause **18.02** and **18.03** and is required to use transportation services other than normal public transportation services, he shall be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred as follows:

**(a** mileage allowance at the rate normally paid to an employee when **authorized** to use his automobile when the employee travels by means of his own automobile,

#### or

(b) out-of-pocket expenses for other means of commercial transportation.

# ARTICLE 24

# CALL-BACK

- 24.01 When an employee is called back to work without prior notice
  - on a designated holiday that is not his scheduled day of work,
  - (b) on his day of rest,

### or

**Q** after he has completed his work for the day and has left his place of work

### and

returns to work, he shall be entitled to the greater of:

the minimum of three (3) hours' pay at the applicable overtime rate of pay for each call-back to a maximum of eight (8) hours pay in an eight (8) hour period. Such maximum shall include any minimum payment received pursuant to clause 18.08 of Article 18 (Overtime),

or

(ii) compensation at the applicable overtime rate for time worked

provided that the period worked by the employee is not contiguous to the employee's normal hours of work;

-55-

24.02 Other than when required by the Employer to use a vehicle of the Employer for transportation to a work location other than his normal place of work, time spent by the employee reporting to work or returning to his residence shall not constitute time worked.

**24.03** Call-back pay is not different from or additional to overtime compensation, it merely establishes a minimum amount to be paid in prescribed circumstances.

24.04 When an employee is called back to perform work described in clause 24.01 and is required to use transportation services other than **normal** public transportation services, he shall be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred as follows:

- **(a** mileage allowance at the rate normally paid to an employee when **authorized** to use his own automobile when the employee travels by means of his automobile, or
- (b) out-of-pocket expenses for other means of commercial transportation.

# ARTICLE 25

# **NO PYRAMIDING OF PAYMENTS**

25.01 Payments under Article 19 (Designated Holidays), Article 18 (Overtime), Article 24 (Call-Back), Article 23 (Standby) and Article 22 (Reporting Pay) shall not be pyramided, that is an employee shall not receive more than one compensation for the same service.

# ARTICLE 26

# TRAVEL TIME

26.01 For the purpose of this Agreement, traveling time is compensated only in the circumstances and to the extent provided for in this Article.

26.02 When an employee travels through more than one (1) time zone, computation will be made as if the employee had remained in the time zone of the point of origin for continuous travel and in the time zone of each point of overnight stay after the first day of travel.

26.03 When an employee is required to travel outside of his headquarters area on government business, as these expressions are defined by the Employer, the time of departure and means of such travel shall be determined by the Employer. The employee shall be compensated for travel time in accordance with clauses 26.04 and 26.05. The provisions of this Article do not apply to an employee during his stay at an intermediate or final destination except that traveling time shall include time necessarily spent at each stop-over en route provided that such stop-over is not longer than three (3) hours.

26.04 For the purposes of this Article, the **traveling** time for which an employee shall be compensated is as follows:

- **(a)** For travel by public transportation, the time between the scheduled time of departure and the time of arrival at a destination, including the normal travel time to the point of departure, as determined by the Employer;
- (b) For travel by private means of transportation, the normal time as determined by the Employer, to proceed from the employee's place of residence or work place, as applicable, direct to his destination, and upon his return, directly back to his residence or work place;
- **Q** In the event that an alternate time of departure and/or means of travel is requested by the employee, the Employer may **authorize** such alternate arrangements, in which case compensation for **traveling** time shall not exceed that which would have been payable under the Employer's original determination.

26.05 If an employee is require to travel as set forth in clauses 26.03 and 26.04:

- **(a)** On a normal working day on which the employee travels but does not work, the employee shall be paid:
  - () **at** the employee's straight-time rate of pay for the first seven and one-half (7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>) hours **traveled** (minimum the employee's daily rate of pay);
  - (ii) at time and one-half  $(1\frac{1}{2})$  the employee's straight-time rate for all hours traveled in excess of seven and one-half  $(7\frac{1}{2})$  hours.
- (b) On a normal working day on which the employee travels and works, the employee shall be paid:
  - 0 his regular pay for the day for a combined period of travel and work not exceeding seven and one-half (7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>) hours,

- (ii) at time and one-half  $(1\frac{1}{2})$  the employee's straight-time rate for additional travel in excess of seven and one-half  $(7\frac{1}{2})$  hours of work and travel.
- **(**) on a day of rest or a designated holiday, the employee shall be paid at the applicable overtime rate for hours **traveled** to a maximum of **(8)** hours pay at the straight-time rate of pay.

26.06 Travel time shall be compensated in cash except where, upon request of an employee and with the approval of the Employer, travel time may be compensated in the equivalent time off with pay. Any compensatory leave credits earned in a fiscal year and not taken by the end of the following fiscal year will be paid in cash at the rate of pay at which the overtime was earned.

26.07 Compensation under this Article shall not be paid for travel time to courses, training sessions, conferences and seminars to which an employee is sent for the purpose of career development, unless the employee is required to attend by the Employer.

26.08 This Article does not apply to an employee required to perform work in any type of transport in which he is traveling. In such circumstances, the employee shall receive the greater of:

- **(a)** on a normal working day, his regular pay for the day, or
- (b) pay for actual hours worked in accordance with the articles of this Agreement.
- 26.09 All calculations for traveling time shall be based on each completed fifteen (15) minutes.

# ARTICLE 27

# PART-TIME EMPLOYMENT

27.01 Employees whose normal scheduled hours of work are less than thirty-seven and one-half  $(37\frac{1}{2})$  per week shall be entitled to benefits in the same proportion as their weekly hours of work compare with the scheduled hours of work of full time employees, except that:

(a) such employees shall be paid at the hourly rate of pay for all hours of work performed up to seven and one-half (7 ½) hours in a day or thirty-seven and one-half (37 ½) hours in a week, or at the hourly rate of pay for all hours of work that may be prescribed in accordance with Article 16; and

-57-

.

-58-

(b) for all hours of work performed in excess of those defined in 27.01 a) above or on a designated paid holiday at the rates of pay prescribed for those situations in the applicable articles of this agreement.

**27.02** Part-time employees shall be entitled to leave credits in the same proportion as their weekly hours of work compare with the normal scheduled weekly hours of work of a full-time employee.

**27.03** Leave will be granted during those periods in which the employees are scheduled to perform their duties or where it may displace other leave prescribed by this Agreement.

27.04 The days of rest provisions of this agreement apply only in a week when the employee has worked five (5) days and thirty-seven and one-half  $(37 \frac{1}{2})$  hours in a week.

27.05 Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 20, Severance Pay, an employee whose continuous employment is a combination of both full-time and part-time continuous employment shall, for the purpose of Severance Pay, have those completed years of part-time continuous employment reduced in the same proportion as the part-time weekly hours of work compare with the normal scheduled weekly hours of work of full-time employees. For such an employee who, on the date of termination of his employment, is a part-time employee, the weekly rate of pay referred to in Article 20 shall be the weekly rate of pay of the employee's substantive position on termination, adjusted to the full-time weekly rate.

# ARTICLE 28

## WORK DESCRIPTIONS

**28.01** Upon written request to his Director or designate, an employee shall be provided with a current statement of the duties and responsibilities of his position including the classification level and the point value.

## **ARTICLE 29**

## **EMPLOYEE FILES**

**29.01** Upon written request of an employee, the personnel file of that employee shall be made available once per year for his examination, in the presence of an **authorized** representative of the Employer; on the request of the employee, a representative of the bargaining agent may be present.

#### -59-

29.02 Where a report pertaining to an employee's performance or conduct is placed on the employee's personnel file, the employee concerned shall be given an opportunity to sign the report in question to indicate that its contents have been read.

## ARTICLE 30

## JOB SECURITY

**30.01** The Employer shall make every reasonable effort to ensure that any reduction in the work force will be accomplished through attrition.

# \*\* ARTICLE 31

#### PRECEDENCE OF LEGISLATION AND THE COLLECTIVE AGREEMENT

**\*\***31.01 In the event that any law passed by Parliament, applying to employees covered by this Agreement, renders null and void any provision of this Agreement, the remaining provisions of the Agreement shall remain in effect for the term of the Agreement.

#### ARTICLE 32

# **AGREEMENT REOPENER**

32.01 This Agreement may be amended by mutual consent,

## ARTICLE 33

#### PAY ADMINISTRATION

**33.01** Except as provided in the remaining clauses of this Article, the terms and conditions governing the application of pay to employees are not affected by this Agreement

33.02 An employee is entitled to be paid for services rendered at:

**Q** the pay specified in Appendix A for the classification of the position to which he is appointed, if the classification coincides with that prescribed in his letter of appointment;

- do-
- (b) the pay specified in Appendix A for the classification prescribed in his letter of appointment, if that classification and the classification of the position to which he is appointed do not coincide.

**33.03** Where a salary increment and a salary revision are affected on the same date, the salary increment shall be applied first and the resulting rate shall be revised in accordance with the salary revision.

**33.04** If, during the term of this Agreement, a new classification standard is established and implemented by the Employer, the Employer shall, before applying rates of pay to the new levels resulting from the application of the standard, negotiate with the Alliance the rates of pay and the rules affecting the pay of employees on their movement to the new levels.

# 33.05 Payment Following: the Death of an Employee

- **Q** When an employee dies, the Employer shall pay to the estate of that employee the amount of pay that he would have received but for his death for the period from the date of his death to the end of the month in which his death occurred, provided that the employee has been continuously employed in the Public Service for at least one (1) year.
- (b) Any previous overpayment of salary to the deceased employee or any debt owing by him to the Employer may be recovered from this payment.

# 33.06 Retroactivity

Overtime pay which has been paid to an employee during the period covered by the retroactive general salary increases (Appendix A of this Agreement) will be recomputed and the difference between the amount paid on the previous salary scales and the amount payable on the new salary scales will be paid to the employee.

**33.07** The rates of pay set forth in Appendix "A" shall become effective on the dates specified therein and shall be applied in accordance with the Retroactive Remuneration Directives in effect on the date of signing of the collective agreement.

# 33.08 Acting Pay

When in accordance with written instructions from his Director, or designate, an employee is required to substantially perform the duties of a higher classified position than the one held by him for a temporary period and performs those duties for at least two (2) consecutive working days, the employee shall be entitled to receive acting pay for that temporary period calculated in the same manner as if he had been appointed to that higher position from the date on which he commenced to act. When a designated paid holiday occurs during a qualifying period such holiday shall be considered as a day worked for the purpose of determining the qualifying period and entitlement to acting pay.

# \*\* ARTICLE 34

# Arbitral Award effective October 13, 2000

## DURATION

**\*\*** 34.01 This Collective Agreement shall expire 24 January 2001.

**34.02** Unless otherwise expressly stipulated, the provisions of this Agreement shall become effective on the date it is signed.

SIGNED AT OTTAWA, this .2.1... day of the month of &?A..... 2000

THE COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY ESTABLISHMENT

D. Ian Glen

hts for Ann Dufour

THE PUBLIC SERVICE ALLIANCE OF CANADA

John Baglow

ohn Sullivan

# COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY TECHNICIAN (CST)

# \*\* ANNUAL RATES OF PAY (Arbitral Award) A: EFFECTIVE JANUARY 25, 2000

CST 9 <b>FROM</b> A:	\$ \$	58,214 59,378	\$ \$	59,151 60,334	\$ \$	60,713 61,927	\$ \$	62,276 63,522	\$ \$	63,895 65,173
CST 8 From A:	\$ \$	54,277 55,363	\$ \$	55,143 56,246	\$ \$	56,008 57,128	\$ \$	56,872 58,009	\$ \$	57,748 58,903
CST 7 FROM A:	\$ \$	47,760 48,715	\$ \$	49,195 50,179	\$ \$	50,666 51,679	\$ \$	52,189 53,233	\$ \$	53,755 54,830
CST 6 FROM A:	\$ \$	45,016 45,916	\$ \$	46,389 47,317	\$ \$	47,760 48,715	\$ \$	49,143 50,126	\$ \$	50,616 51,628
CST 5 <b>FROM</b> A:	\$ \$	41,620 42,452	\$ \$	43,285 44,151	\$ \$	45,016 45,916	\$ \$	46,819 47,755	\$ \$	48,692 49,666
CST 4 <b>FROM</b> A:	\$ \$	38,484 39,254	\$ \$	40,019 40,819	\$ \$	41,620 42,452	\$ \$	43,285 44,151	\$ \$	45,016 45,916
CST 3 FROM A:	\$ \$	35,577 36,289	\$ \$	37,001 37,741	\$ \$	38,484 39,254	\$ \$	40,019 40,819	\$ \$	41,619 42,451
CST 2 From A:	\$ \$	32,891 33,549	\$ \$	34,209 34,893	\$ \$	35,577 36,289	\$ \$	37,001 37,741	\$ \$	38,481 39,251
CST1 <b>FROM</b> A:	\$ \$	30,414 31,022	\$ \$	31,617 32,249	\$ \$	32,891 33,549	\$ \$	34,209 34,893	\$ \$	35,578 36,290

# COMMUNICATIONS TECHNICAL OFFICER (CTO)

# \*\* ANNUAL RATES OF PAY (Arbitral Award) A: EFFECTIVE JANUARY 25, 2000

CTO 9 From A:	\$ \$	66, <b>4</b> 71 67,800	\$ \$	69,131 70,514	\$ \$	71,896 73,334	\$ \$	74,771 76,266	\$ \$	77,763 79,318
CTO 8 FROM A:	\$ \$	61,266 62,491	\$ \$	63,715 64,989	\$ \$	66,262 67,587	\$ \$	68,912 70,290	\$ \$	71,668 73,101
СТО 7 <b>FROM</b> A:	\$ \$	56,469 57,598	\$ \$	58,723 59,897	\$ \$	61,071 62,292	\$ \$	63,515 64,785	\$ \$	66,056 67,377
СТО 6 <b>FROM</b> A:	\$ <del>)</del>	52,211 53,255	\$ \$	54,294 55,380	\$ \$	56,469 57,598	\$ \$	58,723 59,897	\$ \$	61,073 62,294
CTO 5 FROM A:	\$ \$	48,520 49,490	\$ \$	50,068 51,069	\$ \$	52,074 53,115	\$ \$	54,157 55,240	\$ \$	56,323 57,449
CTO 4 FROM A:	\$ \$	43,926 44,805	\$ \$	45,687 46,601	\$ \$	47,235 48,180	\$ \$	49,122 50,104	\$ \$	51,087 52,109
CTO 3 <b>FROM</b> A:	\$ \$	39,836 40,633	\$ \$	41,427 42,256	\$ \$	43,081 43,943	\$ \$	44,807 45,703	\$ \$	46,599 47,531
CTO 2 FROM A:	\$ \$	36,825 37,562	\$ \$	38,300 39,066	\$ \$	39,836 40,633	\$ \$	41,427 42,256	\$ \$	43,085 43,947
CTO 1 FROM A:	\$ \$	34,049 34,730	\$ \$	35,410 36,118	\$ \$	36,825 37,562	\$ \$	38,300 39,066	\$ \$	39,832 40,629
CTO DEVE From A:	ELC \$ \$	20,85 21,27		то <b>то</b>	\$ \$	33,898 34,576				

## DRAFTSMAN (DD)

# \*\* ANNUAL RATES OF PAY (Arbitral Award) A: EFFECTIVE JANUARY 25, 2000

#### **DRAFTSMAN 6**

FROM	\$ 43,905	\$ 45,552	\$ 47,198	\$ 48,857	\$ 50,567
A:	\$ 44,783	\$ 46,463	\$ 48,142	\$ 49,834	\$ 51,578

#### **DRAFTSMAN 5**

FROM	\$ 40,867	\$ 42,400	\$ 43,938	\$ 45,473	\$ 47,064
A:	\$ 41,684	\$ 43,248	\$ 44,817	\$ 46,382	\$ 48,005

#### DRAFTSMAN 4

FROM	\$ 36,615	\$ 37,976	\$ 39,338	\$ 40,702	\$ 42,111
A:	\$ 37,347	\$ 38,736	\$ 40,125	\$ 41,516	\$ 42,953

#### DRAFTSMAN 3

FROM\$33,945\$ 35,208\$ 36,463\$37,722\$39,023A:\$\$ 34,624\$ 35,912\$ 37,192\$\$ 38,476\$\$ 39,803

#### DRAFTSMAN 2

FROM	\$ 27,068	\$ 28,195	\$ 29,315	\$ 30,441	\$ 31,562	\$ 32,681	\$ 33,814	\$ 34,987
A:	\$ 27,609	\$ 28,759	\$ 29,901	\$ 31,050	\$ 32,193	\$ 33,335	\$ 34,490	\$ 35,687

#### **DRAFTSMAN 1**

FROM	\$ 22,020	\$ 22,898	\$ 23,788	\$ 24,687	\$ 25,584	\$ 26,475	\$ 27,370	\$ 28,295
A:	\$ 22,460	\$ 23,356	\$ 24,264	\$ 25,181	\$ 26,096	\$ 27,005	\$ 27,917	\$ 28,861

# PHOTOGRAPHER (PY)

# \*\* ANNUAL RATES OF PAY (Arbitral Award)

# A: EFFECTIVE JANUARY 25, 2000

#### PHOTOGRAPHER 4

FROM	\$ 38,301	\$ 39,736	\$ 41,163	\$ 42,595	\$ 44,081
A:	\$ 39,067	\$ 40,531	\$ 41,986	\$ 43,447	\$ 44,963

#### **PHOTOGRAPHER 3**

FROM	\$ 33,146	\$ 34,373	\$ 35,605	\$ 36,841	\$ 38,119
A:	\$ 33,809	\$ 35,060	\$ 36,317	\$ 37,578	\$ 38,881

#### **PHOTOGRAPHER 2**

FROM	\$ 28,742	\$ 29,803	\$ 30,866	\$ 31,933	\$ 33,038
A:	\$ 29,317	\$ 30,399	\$ 31,483	\$ 32,572	\$ 33,699

#### **PHOTOGRAPHER 1**

FROM	\$ 21,725	\$ 22,513	\$ 23,301	\$ 24,089	\$ 24,908
A:	\$ 22,160	\$ 22,963	\$ 23,767	\$ 24,571	\$ 25,406

# **\*\*** PROVISIONS FOR THE PAYMENT OF

# A LUMP SUM PAYMENT

# **RESULTING FROM**

# ARBITRAL AWARD 185-13-383

# DATED OCTOBER 13, 2000

A lump sum payment in the amount specified below shall be paid to all full-time employees in the bargaining unit on October 13, 2000. This amount will be prorated for part-time employees in the bargaining unit on October 13, 2000, in accordance with their weekly hours of work.

Group	I Amount
СТО	\$1080.00
CST	I \$925.00 [
DD	\$857.00
РҮ	\$838.00